



## ***Documentation***

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# Part I

## Installation

### 1 Software versions

Following software versions were tested for full X2C functionality:

Software	Version
<i>Required:</i>	
Scilab ( <a href="http://www.scilab.org">www.scilab.org</a> )	5.5.x
Java Runtime Environment	6
<i>Optional (for documentation):</i>	
MiKTeX ( <a href="http://www.miktex.org">www.miktex.org</a> )	2.9
Doxygen ( <a href="http://www.doxygen.org">www.doxygen.org</a> )	1.8.10
Graphviz ( <a href="http://www.graphviz.org">www.graphviz.org</a> )	2.38
<i>Optional (for programming):</i>	
Texas Instruments Code Composer Studio	5.5.x
Texas Instruments Code Generation Tools	6.1.6
Keil $\mu$ Vision	4.x
Microchip MPLAB X IDE	3.x
Microchip Compiler XC16	1.25

Different versions of these programs may work but without warranty.

### 2 Setup with *Scilab/Xcos* support

#### 2.1 Installation

1. Open *Scilab/Xcos* and with the *File Browser* navigate to `<X2C_ROOT>\System\Scilab\Scripts`. Right click on **setup.sce** and click *Execute in Scilab*.
2. Restart *Scilab/Xcos*
3. The setup command creates a *X2C* configuration file which will automatically load *X2C* libraries and palettes at startup of *Scilab/Xcos*.

#### 2.2 Deinstallation

1. Open *Scilab/Xcos* and execute the command `initX2C(%f)` in the *Scilab/Xcos* console.
2. Restart *Scilab/Xcos*
3. Once above command was executed, the *X2C* configuration file is deleted and *Scilab/Xcos* will not load any *X2C* libraries or palettes anymore.

For the unlikely event that *Scilab* freezes at startup and remains in a deadlock state, the deinstallation can be done manually by deleting the file **scilab.ini** located in the *Scilab* home directory (for Windows typically `C:\Users\<your user name>\AppData\Roaming\Scilab\scilab-5.x.x`).

## 3 Configuration of *Code Composer Studio*

### 3.1 Install the TI v6.1.6 compiler

It is necessary to use the compiler version TI v6.1.6 in *Code Composer Studio* in combination with X2C . Navigate to **Project** → **Properties** click **General** and in the **Advanced settings** area see what compiler versions are available. It is necessary to use the compiler version **TI v6.1.6**. If this version is not selectable go to **Help** → **Install new Software** and in the **Work with** drop down menu choose **Code Generation Tools Update**. In the section **TI Compiler Updates** find *C2800 Compiler Tools Version 6.1.6* and mark it as seen in figure 1. Click **Next** and install the update. Now go back to the Project Properties and change the compiler.

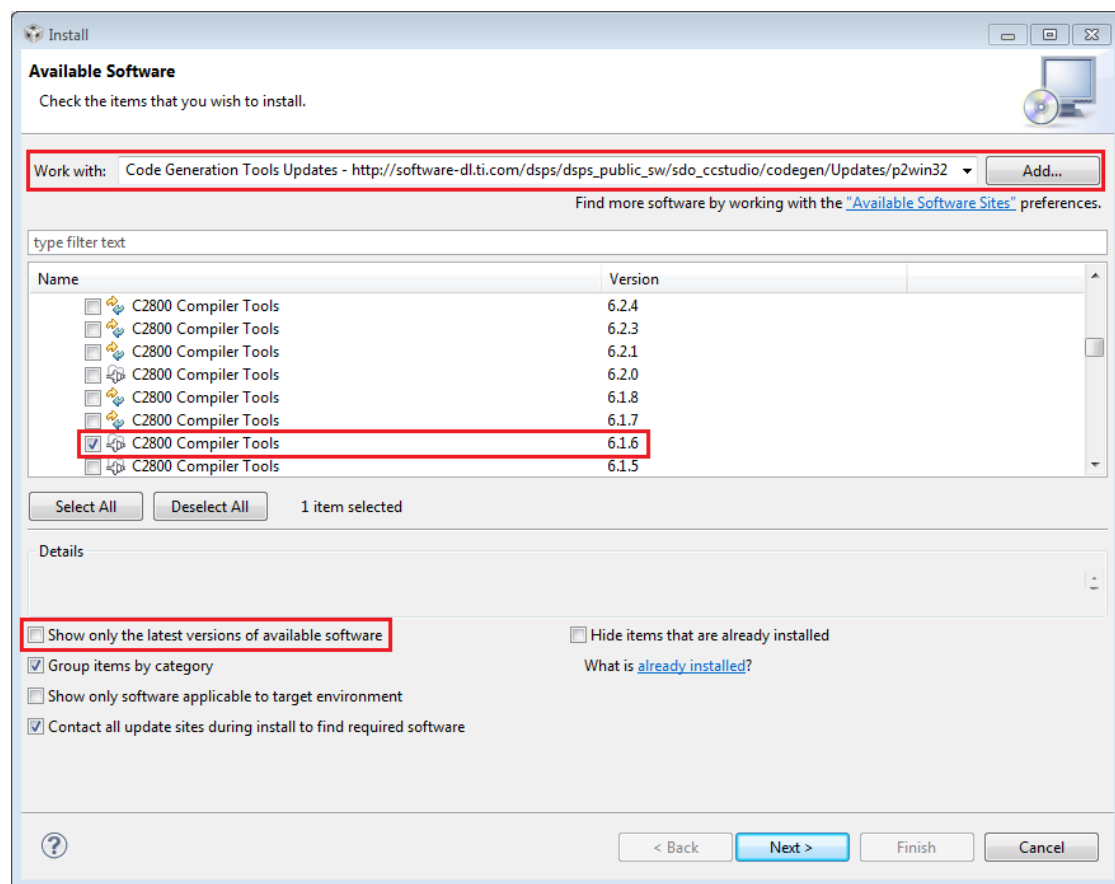


Figure 1: *Code Composer Studio* Compiler Download

### 3.2 *Texas Instruments* target processor types

#### 3.2.1 Supported processors families

Currently the following *Texas Instruments* processor families are supported by X2C .

- TI C28x 32-Bit CPU
- TI TM4C12x 32-Bit CPU (ARM Cortex-M4 core)

#### 3.2.2 Change target processor in *Code Composer Studio*

In the following section file names may vary with different processor types.

1. Import the *Blinky* demo application in *Code Composer Studio* (see section 14 for more information).
2. Change the *Predefined symbols* (see section 3.3) suitable for the used processor type.
3. With the *OS* file browser navigate to the *controlSUITE* subdirectory \device\_support and search for your processor type (e.g. C:\ti\controlSUITE\device\_support\f2806x\v130\F2806x\_headers).
4. Copy the folders *cmd*, *include* and *source* into the project directory <PROJECT\_DIRECTORY>\TexasInstruments and replace the existing folders from the processor used in the *Blinky* demo application.
5. In *Code Composer Studio* open the **F28xxx\_Device.h** file in the folder <PROJECT\_DIRECTORY>\TexasInstruments\include. In the section *User To Select Target Device* search for your processor and change the 0 to TARGET. An example is shown in figure 2

```

57 #define DSP28_28067P      0
58 #define DSP28_28067UP    0
59 #define DSP28_28067PZ    0
60 #define DSP28_28067UPZ   0
61
62 #define DSP28_28068P      0
63 #define DSP28_28068UP    0
64 #define DSP28_28068PZ    0
65 #define DSP28_28068UPZ   0
66
67 #define DSP28_28069P      0
68 #define DSP28_28069UP    0
69 #define DSP28_28069PZ    0
70 #define DSP28_28069UPZ   TARGET

```

Figure 2: Change processor type in the *device.h* file

6. In *Code Composer Studio* open the files *Hardware.h* and *X2cDataTypes.h* and adapt the file names in the *include* directives for the *F28xxx\_Device.h* file.

### 3.3 Change predefined Symbols

The X2C project uses predefined symbols to give the preprocessor information before compiling the project. Navigate to **Project** → **Properties** open **Build** → **C2000 Compiler** → **Advance Options** → **Predefined Symbols**.

Currently three different processor families can be choosen

- `__GENERIC_TI_C28X__` for *Texas Instruments* Processors
- `__GENERIC_ARM_ARMV7__` for *ARM* Processors
- `__GENERIC_MICROCHIP_DSPIC__` for *Microchip* Processors

The definition

- `__CUSTOM_DATATYPE_DEFINITIONS__`

is needed to avoid compiler warnings caused by multiple *typedefs*.

In addition the definition

- `SCOPE_SIZE=8000`



like seen in figure 3 needs to be made. The value of *Scope Size* is changeable and depends on the intended application and the used target processor. In the *Blinky* demo applications these values are already defined.

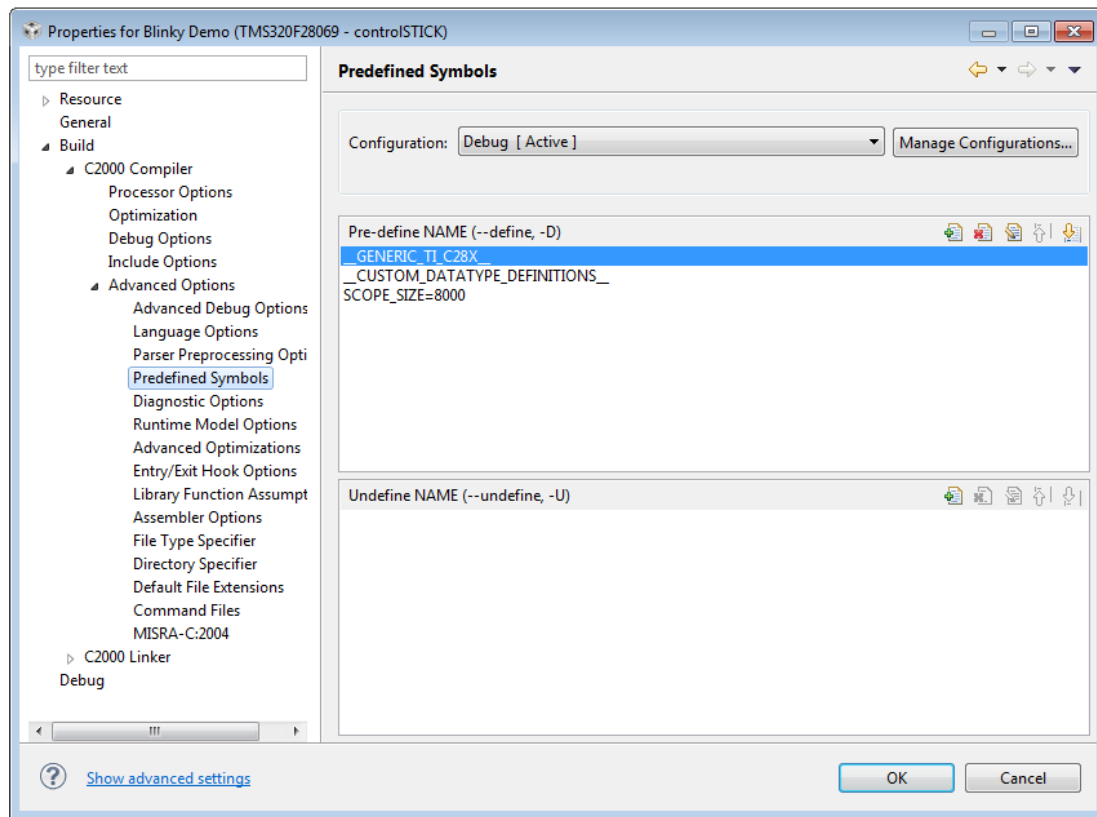


Figure 3: Predefined symbols for generic processor type in *Code Composer Studio*

## 4 Configuration of *MPLAB X*

### 4.1 Install the XC16 compiler

When working with *MPLAB X* the compiler to build the project has to be installed manually. Which compiler is needed depends on the used processor type. In the demo application *Blinky* the *xc 16 v1.21* compiler from the *Microchip* web page ([http://www.microchip.com/pagehandler/en\\_us/devtools/mplabxc/](http://www.microchip.com/pagehandler/en_us/devtools/mplabxc/)) can be used.

### 4.2 *Microchip* target processor types

#### 4.2.1 Supported processors families

Currently the following *Microchip* processor families are supported by *X2C*.

- dsPIC 16-Bit CPU

#### 4.2.2 Change target processor in *MPLAB X*

Right click on the **Project** → **Properties**. In the *Configuration* area *Devices* can be picked in the drop down menu. Click **OK** to save the changes.

### 4.3 Change predefined Symbols

The X2C project uses *predefined Symbols* to give the preprocessor information before compiling the project. In the the sample project these symbols are already defined. Right click on the **Projectname** → **Properties** → **XC16 Global Options** → **xc16-gcc** to eventually change them. In the section *Define C macros* a list of defines is available as seen in figure 4. Depending on the used target processor three different processor families can be choosen

- `__GENERIC_TI_C28X__` for *Texas Instruments* Processors
- `__GENERIC_ARM_ARMV7__` for *ARM* Processors
- `__GENERIC_MICROCHIP_DSPIC__` for *Microchip* Processors

In addition the definition

- `SCOPE_SIZE=5000`

like seen in figure 4 needs to be made. The value of *Scope Size* is changeable and depends on the intended application and the used target processor. In the *Blinky* demo applications these values are already defined.

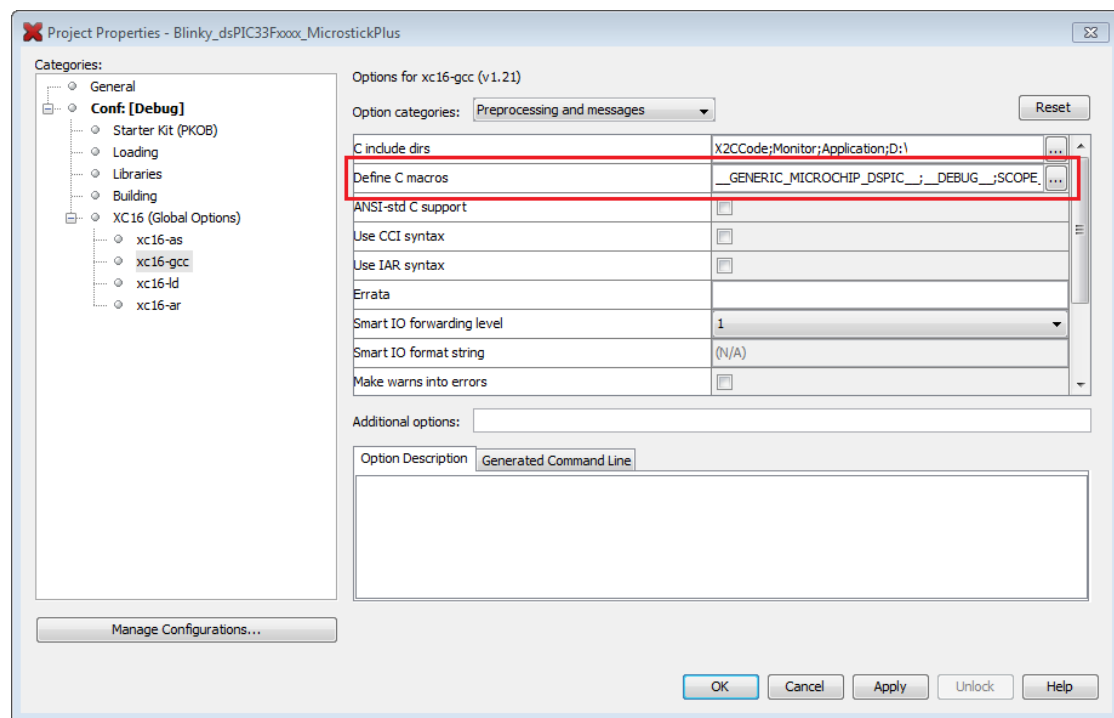


Figure 4: Predefined Symbols in *MPLAB X*

## Part II

# General

## 5 Introduction to X2C

### 5.1 Fixed point data representation

#### 5.1.1 Standard signals

Standard signals are symmetrically scaled about zero and their scaling range is  $]-1...1[$ . In a case of an overflow the signal will be limited to 1 (or -1 respectively). For example a subtraction of a signal with value 0.5 from a signal with value -0.7 will lead to a signal with value -1.

Depending on the chosen implementation the values are handled in one of the following formats:

FiP8	
Implementation type	8-bit fixed point
Format	Q7
Minimum value	-0.992 187 500
Maximum value	0.992 187 500
Resolution	0.007 812 500

FiP16	
Implementation type	16-bit fixed point
Format	Q15
Minimum value	-0.999 969 482 421 875
Maximum value	0.999 969 482 421 875
Resolution	0.000 030 517 578 125

FiP32	
Implementation type	32-bit fixed point
Format	Q31
Minimum value	-0.999 999 999 534 339
Maximum value	0.999 999 999 534 339
Resolution	0.000 000 000 465 661

#### 5.1.2 Unlimited/Unbalanced signals

The scaling of unlimited/unbalanced signals is  $[-1...1[$ . While the standard signals omit one value to achieve a symmetrical value range, the unlimited (or also called unbalanced) signals utilize the full value range which leads to a slightly unbalanced value range. As the name implies unlimited signals won't be limited. In fact unlimited signals utilize wrapping/overflow functions of the DSP. For example a subtraction of a signal with value 0.5 from a signal with value -0.7 will lead to a signal with value 0.8.

So the primary use of the unlimited signal is as angular signal where  $(-1...1)$  corresponds to  $(-\pi... \pi)$ .

Depending on the chosen implementation the values are handled in one of the following formats:

<b>FiP8</b>	
Implementation type	8-bit fixed point
Format	Q7
Minimum value	$-1.000\,000\,000$
Maximum value	$0.992\,187\,500$
Resolution	$0.007\,812\,500$

<b>FiP16</b>	
Implementation type	16-bit fixed point
Format	Q15
Minimum value	$-1.000\,000\,000\,000\,000$
Maximum value	$0.999\,969\,482\,421\,875$
Resolution	$0.000\,030\,517\,578\,125$

<b>FiP32</b>	
Implementation type	32-bit fixed point
Format	Q31
Minimum value	$-1.000\,000\,000\,000\,000$
Maximum value	$0.999\,999\,999\,534\,339$
Resolution	$0.000\,000\,000\,465\,661$

## 5.2 Floating point data representation

### 5.2.1 Standard signals

The standard signals in floating point format are not restricted, the full value range according to the IEEE 754 standard is available.

<b>Float32</b>	
Implementation type	32-bit floating point
Format	IEEE 754
Minimum value	$-3.4028234663852885981170418348452e + 38$
Maximum value	$3.4028234663852885981170418348452e + 38$
Resolution	$\pm 1.1754943508222875079687365372222e - 38$ (normalized)

Float64	
Implementation type	64-bit floating point
Format	IEEE 754
Minimum value	$-1.797693134862315708145274237317e + 308$
Maximum value	$1.797693134862315708145274237317e + 308$
Resolution	$\pm 2.2250738585072013830902327173324e - 308$ (normalized)

### 5.2.2 Unlimited/Unbalanced signals

Contrary to their names the unlimited/unbalanced signals in floating point format are limited to  $[-\pi, +\pi]$ . All other properties are similar to the unlimited signals in fixed point format.

Float32	
Implementation type	32-bit floating point
Format	IEEE 754
Minimum value	$-3.1415926535897932384626433832795$
Maximum value	$3.1415926535897932384626433832795$
Resolution	$\pm 1.1754943508222875079687365372222e - 38$ (normalized)

Float64	
Implementation type	64-bit floating point
Format	IEEE 754
Minimum value	$-3.1415926535897932384626433832795$
Maximum value	$3.1415926535897932384626433832795$
Resolution	$\pm 2.2250738585072013830902327173324e - 308$ (normalized)

## 5.3 Restrictions

### 5.3.1 Algebraic loops

Algebraic loops as depicted in figure 5a are not possible due to a execution order problem. Therefore a block is required which breaks the loop at a specific position. This can be achieved by inserting a block with no direct feedthrough functionality, e.g. [Block: Loop-Breaker](#) from the *General*-library or [Block: Delay](#) from the *Control*-library (see figure 5b).

### 5.3.2 Connection of blocks with different implementations

Though blocks with different implementations are allowed (and computed correctly) in the same model, connections of ports with different datatypes are not permitted. The conversion blocks [Block: TypeConv](#), [Block: Int2Real](#) and [Block: Real2Int](#) can be used to resolve datatype incompatibilities.

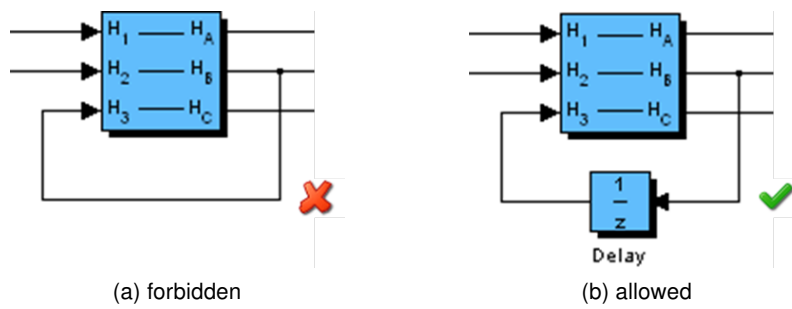


Figure 5: Algebraic loops

## 6 Basic structure of the C Code

When setting up a new project with X2C code generation it is necessary to configure the hardware on the target system. The following section provides basic information how the *Blinky* demo applications are structured. With this understanding one should be able to adapt hardware configuration for further projects.

In the following the *Blinky* demo application in combination with the *TI Piccolo F28069 ControlSTICK* and the *TMS320F28069* Processor is used for demonstration.

**Info:** The \*.c files listed below need to be updated in case of changes in the *Scilab/Xcos* model configuration.

### 6.1 Main.c

- **initInterruptVector()** defined in *Hardware.c* configures the target specific interrupts.
- **initSerial()** defined in *Hardware.c* initializes the serial interface.
- **initHardware()** defined in *Hardware.c* here the peripheral devices such as *Watchdog*, *GPIO Ports*, *ADCs*, *Timers* and others are defined.
- **X2C\_init()** defined in *X2C.c* calls the initialization functions of the X2C blocks.
- The **while(1)** loop is mainly used for the serial communication.
- The **mainTask()** function is the key structure of the project. Here the connection between *Outports* and *Inports* are defined and the *X2C\_Update()* function (defined in *X2C.c*) is called. The basic structure of the *mainTask()* is
  1. Assign Inports
  2. Call *X2C\_Update()*
  3. Update Outports

The *mainTask()* function is usually called by an *Interrupt Service Routine (Isr)* which can be triggered by multiple sources.

**Example:** In the *Blinky Demo Application* after each *ADC* conversion cycle the *ADCIsr* calls the *mainTask()* function.

- **KICK\_DOG** resets the *Watchdog* timer periodically. During operation this timer continuously counts a certain time span (configured in *Hardware.c*). If the application has an unexpected failure *KICK\_DOG* can not be called and the *Watchdog* timer exceeds its limit and therefore the target reboots. If the operation executes as expected the *Watchdog* timer is within the limit and can be reseted by *KICK\_DOG* without any further actions.

### 6.2 Hardware.c

In this file all connections and peripheral device settings should be made.

- In **initHardware()** all peripheral function should be initialized.
  - Watchdog timer
  - GPIO Ports
  - Interrupt initialization
  - ADC, Timer, PWM and all the other peripheral devices
- **initSerial()** initializes the serial interface on the target. The settings made here should match with the setting made in the *Communicator* described in section 10.

## 7 Testing

### 7.1 JUnit tests

To minimize the risk of software bugs most parts of X2C are tested. The Java core of X2C is tested with JUnit tests.

### 7.2 CUnit tests

Much care is also taken of testing the C-code of the blocks. These so called CUnit tests are conducted directly on the target. In figure 6 the test setting can be seen.

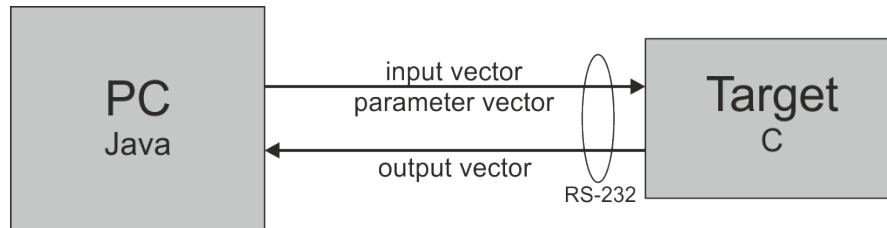


Figure 6: CUnit test setting

In the test environment on the PC a input vector and a parameter vector, if necessary, are defined and sent to the target via serial interface. On the target the update function of the block under test is executed. The resulting output vector is transferred back to the PC where it is compared with a reference output vector. If the difference between the actual and the reference output vector is below a specified limit the test is marked as passed. Otherwise an error is reported.

Basically, the generation of the test vectors are done with one or a combination of these methods:

**Equivalence class testing** To reduce the number of test items they are grouped into classes with same behavior. Only one member of each equivalence class is used as entry for the test vector. Two simple equivalence classes could be positive and negative numbers.

**Boundary testing** The entries for the test vectors are chosen in such a way that they lie below and above critical boundaries. For example, typical values for a FiP16 implementation would be -32768, -32767, -1, 0, 1, 32767.

**Back-to-back testing** For complex blocks this method is used. The vectors are generated by simulating a block or model with the same functionality in Matlab/Simulink or Scilab/Xcos.

Several different targets are used for testing. The test reports can be found in the library documentation *Library.source.pdf* in the directory `<X2C_ROOT>\Library`.



## 8 Coding Conventions

### 8.1 Language

The native language of X2C is English. Hence all documentation, file names, variables, comments in source files, etc. should be in English.

### 8.2 General naming conventions

- Unless otherwise stated, all names should use the camel case notation. A definition of camel case can be found on <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/CamelCase>. The type of camel case (upper or lower) depends on the type of name, see sections below.

Examples: `ThisIsUpperCamelCasing.java`, `showLowerCamelCaseExample()`

- Non-ASCII characters should be avoided. Also the space character should not be used.
- Due to a character limitation in Scilab, names with more than 27 characters should be avoided.
- Names should not start with a number.
- [Hungarian notation](#) should not be used.

### 8.3 Naming of files

In general files should have a meaningful name. If abbreviations are used, easy understandable ones should be used. Upper camel case is recommended.

Examples: `Hardware.c`, `SystemControl.c`, `GlobalDefines.h`

### 8.4 Naming of functions and methods

Function and method names should contain a verb to describe the action of the function. The verb is placed first and is in lower case and subsequent nouns start with a capital letter (lower camel case).

Examples: `readADC()`, `setPWM()`

### 8.5 Naming of macros

Macros should be written in capital letters. Macro names which contain multiple words should use an underscore as separator (screaming [snake case](#)).

Examples: `DISABLE_PWM`, `NO_ERROR`

### 8.6 Naming of variables

Based on the proposed convention from Sun Microsystems following guidelines should be considered:

*Variables are in mixed case with a lowercase first letter. Internal words start with capital letters. Variable names should be short yet meaningful. The choice of a variable name should be mnemonic- that is, designed to indicate to the casual observer the intent of its use. One-character variable names should be avoided except for temporary "throwaway" variables. Common names for temporary variables are *i*, *j*, *k*, *m*, and *n* for integers; *c*, *d*, and *e* for characters.*

Examples: `int16 i`; `float32 myWidth`;

## 8.7 Naming of model parameters

Parameter and variable names in Matlab or Scilab should follow lower [snake case](#) notation. This means the first word can either start with a lower or upper case letter, all subsequent words have to start with a lower case letter, and the words are separated by underscores.

Examples: `i_ref`, `n_max`, `k_T`, `U_dc_max`

## 8.8 Naming of X2C blocks

Block and Subsystem/Superblock names in Matlab or Scilab should follow upper camel case notation. Exceptions are words with abbreviations, then a underscore character as separator is allowed to increase readability.

Examples: `CurrentController`, `OffsetAngle`, `AnIn1`, `DigOut1`, `I_Phase1`

## 8.9 Source and header files

Every \*.c source file should have a corresponding \*.h header file. A minimalistic header with prototype definitions is sufficient.

Due to MISRA rule 8.1 (see [MISRA-C 2004 compliance](#)) it is required to have prototypes for every function, including static ones. To avoid conflicts between global and static function prototypes when including header files, the following rule shall apply:

- Global function prototypes should be located in its header file
- Static function prototypes should be located at the beginning of its source file

## 8.10 Global definitions

Definition of macros which are used in more than one source file should be placed in `GlobalDefines.h`. Macros only used in one file should be defined in the source file in which they are used.

Globally needed variables should be defined in `GlobalDefines.c` and declared in `GlobalDefines.h`. This way all global variables are at one place and can be referenced from every file which has the `GlobalDefines.h` header file included.

Example:

Listing 1: `GlobalDefines.c`

```
1  #include "GlobalDefines.h"
2
3  /*****
4  /* Global Variables
5  *****/
6  uint16 errorstate = NO_ERROR;          /* Error message */
7  uint32 modulestate = NO_ERROR;        /* Module status */
8  FISTates FIState = RESET_STATE;      /* State of frequency inverter */
```

Listing 2: `GlobalDefines.h`

```
1  #ifndef _GLOBALDEFINES_H_
2      #define _GLOBALDEFINES_H_
3
4      #include "Target.h"
5      #include "X2C.h"
6
7      /*****
8      /* Global Variables
9      *****/
10     extern uint16 errorstate;          /* Error message */
11     extern uint32 modulestate;        /* Module status */
12     extern FISTates FIState;          /* State of frequency inverter */
13
14 #endif
```

## 8.11 Template files

For an easy orientation standard file names should be used in X2C projects:

- `Main.c`: Frame program main file.
- `Hardware.c`: Hardware configuration and initialization.
- `GlobalDefines.*`: Files with globally needed definitions and variables.
- `SystemControl.c`: File with startup sequence of power electronics and error handling.
- `InterruptControl.c`: Interrupt handling, especially interrupt vector table and interrupt service routines.
- `InputControl.c`: Handling of analog and digital inputs.
- `OutputControl.c`: Handling of analog and digital outputs.
- `CANControl.c`: Configuration, initialization and functions of a CAN interface.

Of course, if files contain a lot of code it is recommended to split the file into several ones to maintain comprehensibility.

Example: Splitting of `InputsControl.c` in `AnalogInputControl.c`, `DigitalInputControl.c` and `HallSensorControl.c`

## 8.12 Include order of header files

To avoid conflicts and missing dependencies header files should be included in following order:

1. System headers
2. Application headers
3. Header of current source file

Example:

Listing 3: Main.c

```
1  #include "VersionInfo.h"
2  #include "GlobalDefines.h"
3  #include "Hardware.h"
4  #include "SystemControl.h"
5  #include "InputControl.h"
6  #include "OutputControl.h"
7  #include "Main.h"
```

## 8.13 Hardware registers

To maintain comprehensibility and to allow interchangeability of source files hardware (DSP) registers should be accessed via macros.

Example:

```
#define SET_LED      (GPBSET = 0x00000004)

/* some code */
SET_LED;
/* some more code */
```

instead of

```
/* some code */
GPBSET = 0x00000004;
/* some more code */
```

## 9 MISRA-C 2004 compliance

The rules of the Motor Industry Software Reliability Association [MISRA](#) should be followed as much as possible. Some major rules are:

- **MISRA-C:2004 2.2/R:** Source code shall only use `/* ... */` style comments.
- **MISRA-C:2004 19.4/R:** C macros shall only expand to a braced initialiser, a constant, a string literal, a parenthesised expression, a type qualifier, a storage class specifier, or a do-while-zero construct.
- **MISRA-C:2004 8.12/R:** When an array is declared with external linkage, its size shall be stated explicitly or defined implicitly by initialisation.
- **MISRA-C:2004 18.4/R:** Unions shall not be used.
- **MISRA-C:2004 16.3/R:** Identifiers shall be given for all of the parameters in a function prototype declaration.
- **MISRA-C:2004 19.15/R:** Precautions shall be taken in order to prevent the contents of a header file being included twice.
- **MISRA-C:2004 19.1/A:** `#include` statements in a file should only be preceded by other preprocessor directives or comments.
- **MISRA-C:2004 8.1/R:** Functions shall have prototype declarations and the prototype shall be visible at both the function definition and call.

### 9.1 Applied rules

```
1  /* Enable MISRA-C:2004 checking (all rules) */
2  --check_misra="all"
3
4  /* Rule violation handling */
5  --misra_advisory="warning"
6  --misra_required="warning"
7
8  /* Exceptions */
9  --check_misra="-1.1" /* (MISRA-C:2004 1.1/R) Ensure strict ANSI C mode (-ps)
   is enabled */
10 --check_misra="-12.7" /* (MISRA-C:2004 12.7/R) Bitwise operators shall not be
   applied to operands whose underlying type is signed */
11 --check_misra="-19.7" /* (MISRA-C:2004 19.7/A) A function should be used in
   preference to a function-like macro */
12 --check_misra="-5.7" /* (MISRA-C:2004 5.7/A) No identifier name should be
   reused */
```

Listing 4: MISRA.opt

## Part III

# Utilities

### 10 Communicator

The *Communicator* is the interface between the target system and the model in *Scilab/Xcos*. It is used to create the C code in the *X2C.c* and *X2C.h* files out of the model. Furthermore it is used to transfer data between the computer and the target. When started the *Communicator* is connected with the model via *RMI* interface and via serial interface with the target (DSP).

#### 10.1 *Scilab/Xcos Communicator* start

As described in section 13 the *Communicator* is started out of an open *Scilab/Xcos* model with the buttons *start Communicator*. The button *Transform model and push to Communicator* loads the model file (.xml) into the *Communicator*. Changes in the model structure can be made and pushed to the *Communicator* by double clicking on the button *Transform model and push to Communicator*.

#### 10.2 Standalone *Communicator* start

If there are no intended changes in the model structure it is possible to start the *Communicator* without *Scilab/Xcos*. In <X2C\_ROOT>\System\Java double click on **Communicator.jar**. In the open *Communicator* go to **Model** → **Load Model** and browse to your project directory. In the *X2CCode* folder choose the model (.xml) file and open it. In the *Status* tab check the *Log* area if the model has been loaded successfully.

#### 10.3 Basic functions of the *Communicator*

The *Communicator* is structured into the menu bar (1) the basic function buttons (2) and three main tabs (3).

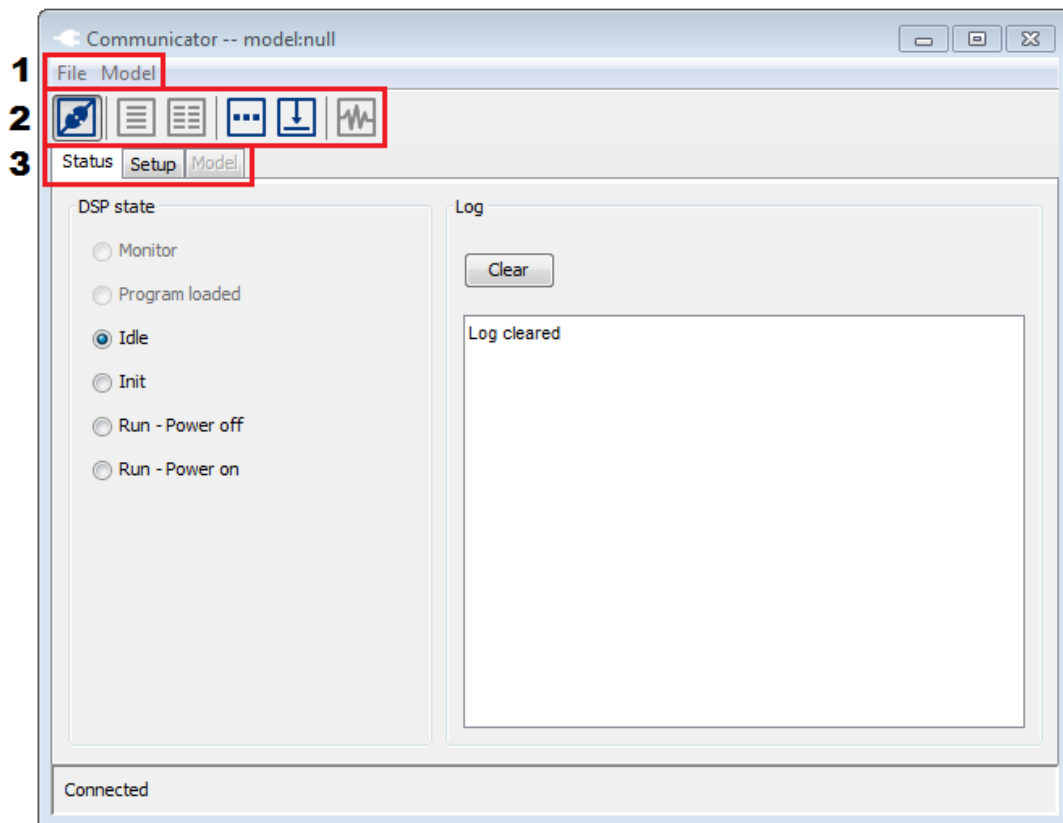


Figure 7: Basic structure of the *Communicator*

### 1. Menu bar

- In the **File** menu the settings can be modified, loaded and saved.
- In the **Model** menu a new *.xml* file can be loaded and saved.

### 2. Function buttons

- With the button **Connect to Target** the *Communicator* can be connected respectively disconnected from the target.
- **Create Code** generates the *X2C.c* and *X2C.h* files out of the *X2C* model. Changes in the *Model* tab like *Sample time* require new code creation.
- **Create RTOS Code** was moved to *Settings*. See [10.4](#) for details.
- In the **Download settings** the *.hex* and *.map* files out of the C code build process can be loaded. These files are needed for two functions:
  - (a) In the full version of *X2C* the *Communicator* needs these files for flashing the code on the target through the serial interface. This function is not available in the free version.
  - (b) In the full version and the free version of *X2C* these files (especially the *.map* file) are needed for block data transfer. For more information see number [3](#).
- The **Download application to target** function is only available in the full version of *X2C*. This function provides program flashing via the serial interface without any use of external programming devices.
- The **Scope** button starts an oscilloscope like environment for plotting signals and variables of the running target. For more information see section [11](#).

### 3. Tabs

- In the **Status** tab there are two main areas as seen in figure 8. In *DSP state* the current status of the connected target is shown. The following states are possible:
  - The **Monitor** state is only active before code flashing (full version of *X2C* ). In the free version this state is only active when the target reboots after an application error.
  - The **Program loaded** is active after code flashing.
  - In the **Idle** state only the communication between target and computer is active. All controller functions are inactive furthermore the *Outports* values are static.
  - The **Init** state calls the initialization functions of all *X2C* blocks. In this state all signals and variables are reset to their initial values.
  - **Run - Power off** means the application is running normal but the power supply of the power electronics (e.g. frequency converter) is off.
  - In **Run - Power on** the system is fully active.

**Info:** In the *Blinky* demo application the last four states cannot be changed because they are only useful for engine control applications.

The *Log* area shows status updates and error messages and can be cleared with the *Clear* button.

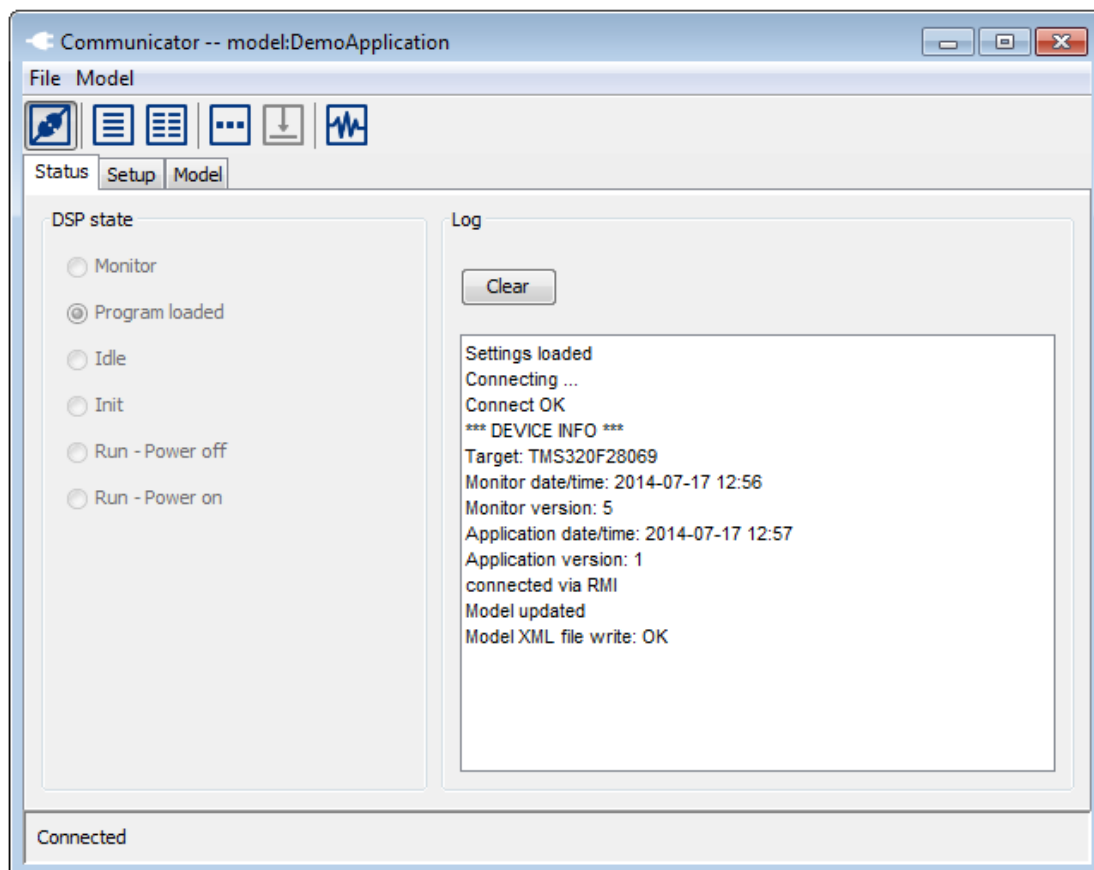


Figure 8: *Communicator* status

- The **Setup** tab is for the interface configuration. To change the settings the *Communicator* needs to be disconnected from the target. There are a few ways to connect with the target. One can choose between *Serial*, *USB* and *PCAN* interface. The setting made here need to be compatible with the

target configurations.

In the *Protocol* area the *LNet Node ID* can be set. By default this value is set to 1. Since the *Communicator* can be used with more than one target each target is defined with an unique *LNet Node ID*.

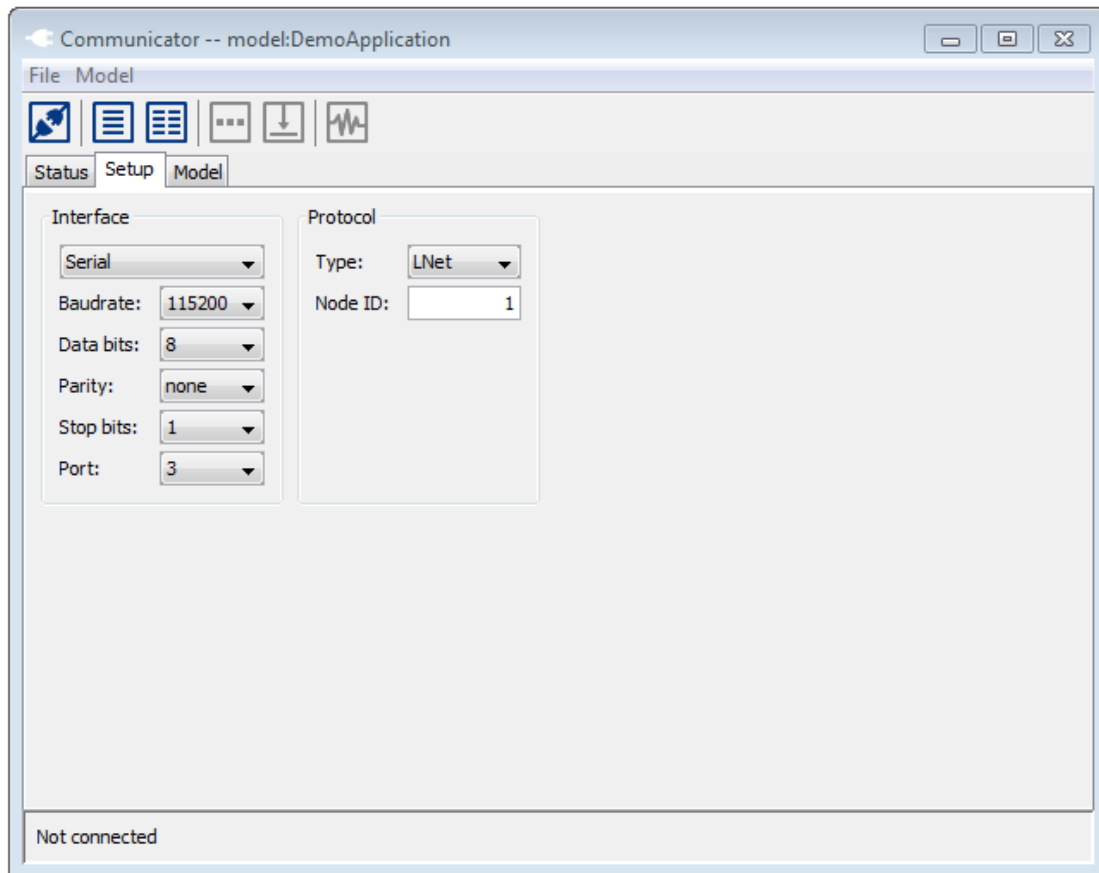


Figure 9: *Communicator* setup

- In the **Model** tab the *Model structure* area provides a list of the used blocks in the *Scilab/Xcos* model. Jump to section [10.5](#) to see how variables can be changed through the *Model structure* settings.

The *Model properties* settings need to be made before code generation.

- The *Sample time* can be changed in the *Scilab/Xcos* model by changing the values in the *CLOCK* block. After double clicking on *transform model and push to Communicator* the sample time in the *Communicator* is updated. After clicking on *Analyze* the sample in the *Communicator* is updated.

**Note:** Changes of the sample time made in the model need to be compatible with the defined sample time on the target.

- *Use Scope* was moved to *Settings*. See [10.4](#) for details.
- *Use Parameter ID for block data transfer* was moved to *Settings*. See [10.4](#) for details.



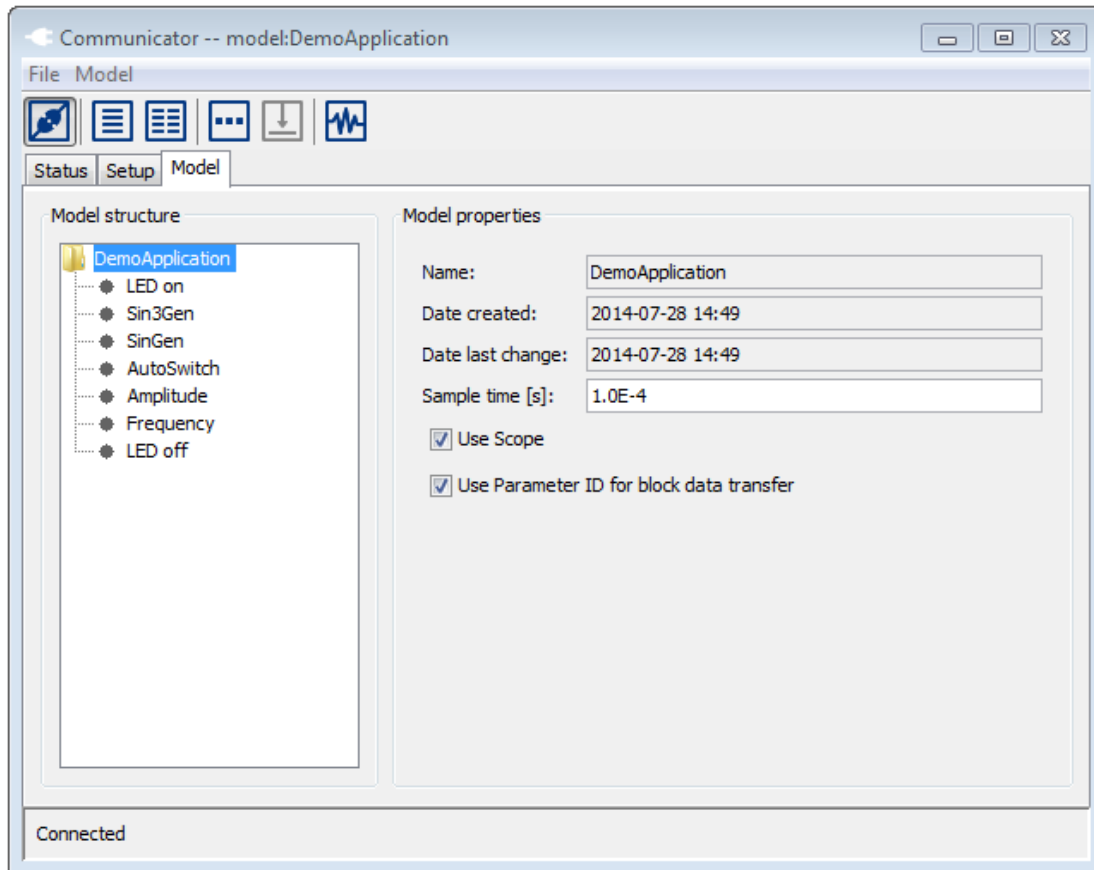


Figure 10: *Communicator Model*

## 10.4 Settings

Settings can be found in the 'File' menu. These are split into **Common** and **Advanced** options. Following options are available for configuration: (angular brackets = default state)

- **Use Scope** [enabled]

*Use Scope* defines if the scope application (see section 11) can be used when connected with the target. When disabled the target processor is relieved due to less communication effort.

- **Create RTOS code** [disabled]

Generates code which is optimized for real time operations.

- **Connect to target on startup** [enabled]

Tries to connect to the target when the Communicator starts. If this option is enabled, the previously used communication setup is being used.

- **Use Parameter-ID for block data transfer** [enabled]

When *Use Parameter ID for block data transfer* is enabled the *Communicator* generates an identification number for each block in the *Scilab/Xcos* model during code generation. As a result only signals at X2C blocks can be observed with the *Scope*. When disabled the *Communicator* uses the generated *.map* file out of C code building for block data transfer. In this file the register addresses of the X2C block signals and furthermore the addresses of global variables used on the target processor are stored. The *.map* file can be loaded with the button *Download settings*. With this setting it is possible to observe X2C block signals as well as global variables with the scope.

- **Create Signals code** [disabled]

Creates a file containing lists with internal X2C signals. These signals are Inports, Outports and Block Outports.

- **Create & compile HotInt code** [disabled]

Generates HotInt specific files. After successful generation, the HotInt project (Microsoft® Visual Studio) is being compiled. The latest version being found is used for compilation. Supported Visual Studio versions:

- Visual Studio 2013
- Visual Studio 2012

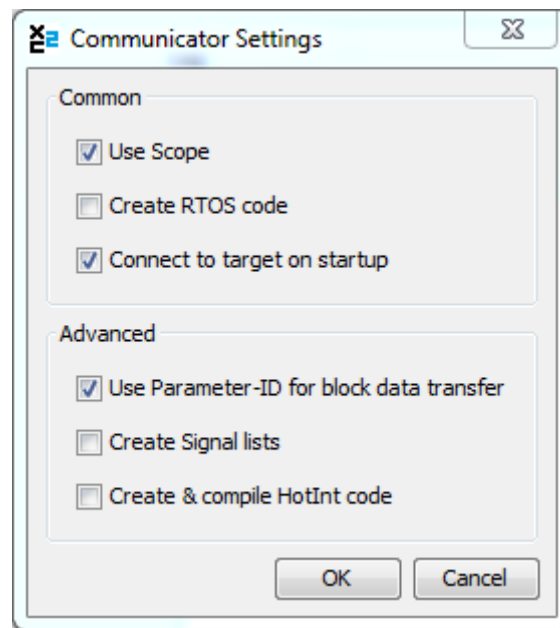


Figure 11: *Communicator Settings*

## 10.5 Change parameters on the target with the *Communicator*

If all connection are set up properly there are two ways of changing the parameter values on the running target.

1. In the *Communicator* click on **Model**. In the Model structure area all the Block properties are listed and can be changed by double clicking on them.
2. In the *Scilab/Xcos* model double click on the blocks and change the values.

## 11 Scope

The *Scope* application is a very useful device for monitoring signals and variables on the running target. It allows an easy observation in an oscilloscope like environment. The *Scope* is structured into four main areas as seen in figure 12.

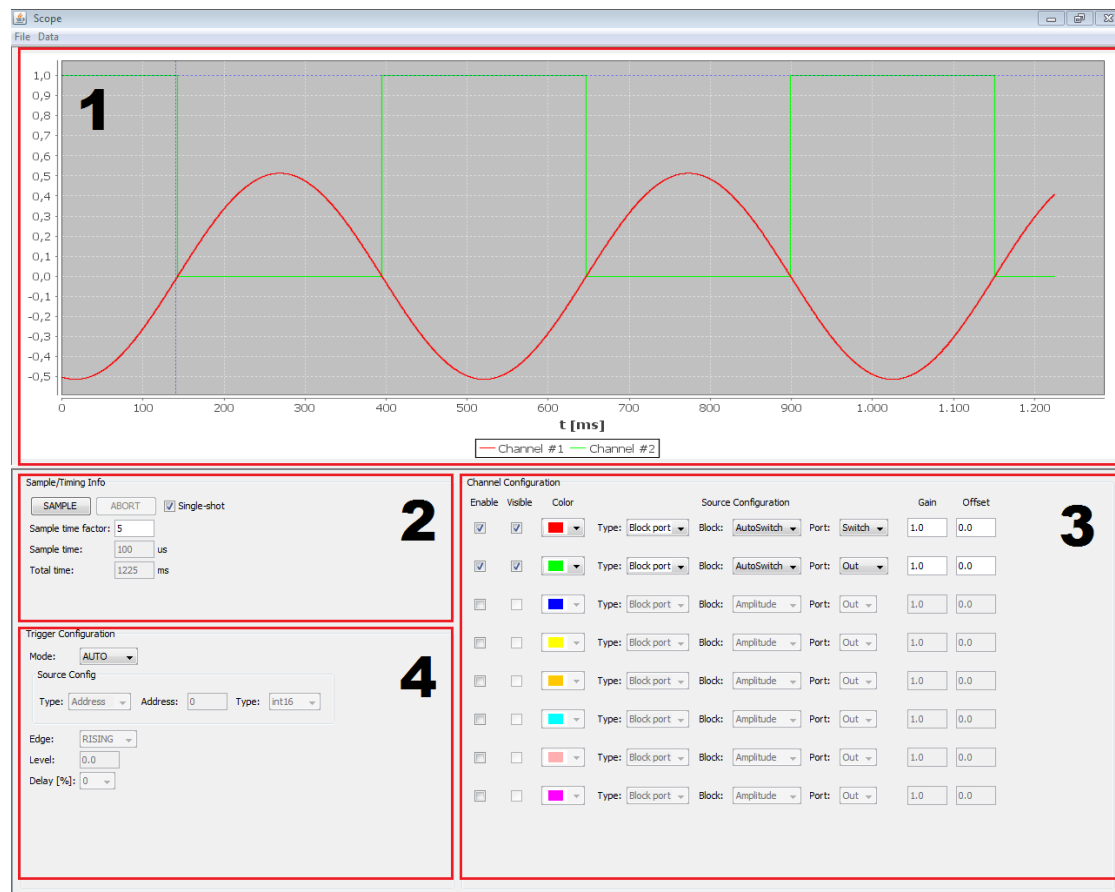


Figure 12: Communicator Scope

1. The **Plot area** shows the selected values at a time based abscissa (x-coordinate) in milliseconds and scaled from  $-1.0$  to  $1.0$  at the ordinate (y-coordinate). Furthermore there is a legend at the bottom of the plot area showing the color of each channel.
2. In the **Sample/Timing Info** section options of the time axis can be made. The oscilloscope is started with the button *SAMPLE*. When the option *Single-shot* is marked only one time period (see *Total time*) is shown in the plot area. When unmarked the plot area continuously plots the received values from the target. Due to time delay in data transfer it is possible that there are missing values between two plot cycles. The plot process can be stopped with the button *ABORT*.  
With the option *Sample time factor* the time axis can be scaled. Factor 1 means every value (Time between two values is *Sample Time*) is plotted in the plot area. As example factor 5 means every fifth value is used, therefore a longer time span can be plotted at the time axis.
3. The **Channel Configuration** configures which signal is shown at the plot area. There are eight channels that can be plotted simultaneously. Mark *Enable* to configure one

channel. In the *Type* menu *Address*, *Block Port* and *I/O port* can be chosen. *I/O ports* are the links between the target peripherals and the X2C model. The *Block Port* are signals used in the X2C model.

When fixed point data representation is selected all signal are scaled to values between  $-1.0$  and  $1.0$ , therefore one might use the option *Gain* or *Offset* to plot the signal in real scale.

4. The **Trigger Configuration** is divided in the options *NORMAL* and *AUTO*. When option *AUTO* is chosen no specific trigger is set. In this configuration signal values are continuously transfer and plotted. This can lead to moving graphs especially when periodic signals are observed.

Choose *NORMAL* to set up a trigger.

- (a) In *Source Config* choose a signal which should work as trigger source.
- (b) With *Edge* the trigger only checks rising respectively falling edges of the source signal.
- (c) The *Level* and *Delay* options move the trigger point in vertical and time direction.

**Example:** Trigger the harmonic sine wave  $u$  from a *SinGen* block.

As trigger source the signal itself is used. When the trigger is delayed in time a vertical marker indicates the position. The effect of the settings *Level* with a value of  $0.2$  and *Edge* for *FALLING* can be seen in figure 13.

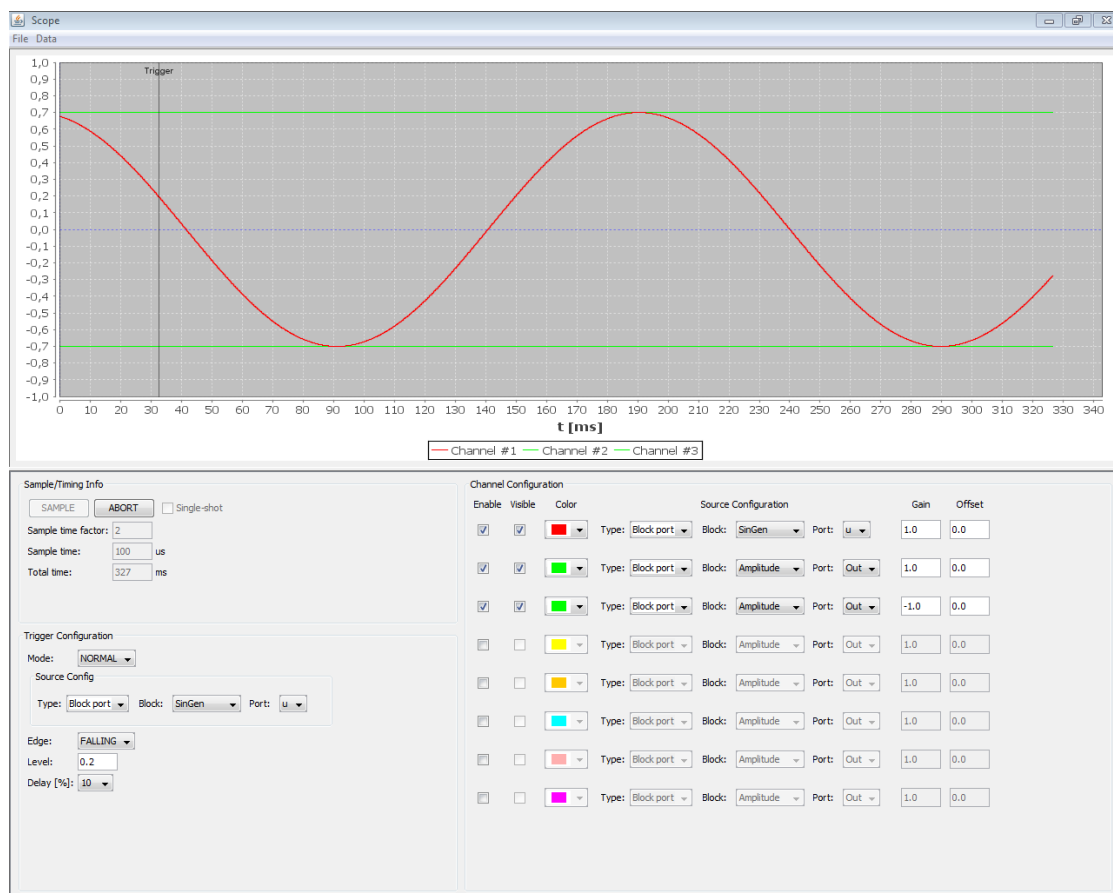


Figure 13: Scope Trigger using Example

## 12 Block Generator

The Block Generator is used to create new blocks, load and/or edit previously saved blocks. The following, essential parameters define the block function:

### 12.1 Block properties

#### Name

Each block within a library must have a unique name.

#### Library type

The library type selection is done via the 'Change configuration' button.

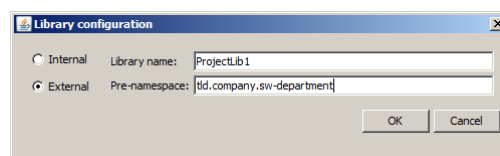
An internal library block will be stored within the X2C structure where only the library name is required. The internal library name can be selected via a dropdown menu.

When the block is saved, the files will be automatically saved into the correct directories.

An external (or project specific) block is stored within its project structure and requires the user to enter a library name and pre-namespace identifier. Both, the library name & pre-namespace, is entered via text fields.

When the block is saved, a window will appear, which allows to select the project directory for this project specific block (only directory selection is possible) The Block Generator tries to save the files in the following structure (directories will be created automatically if they don't exist):

<selected directory>\Library\<library name>\



#### Identifier

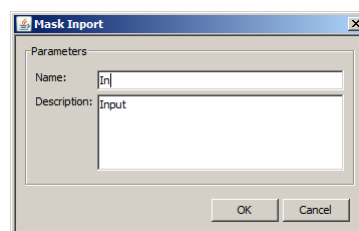
Every block needs a unique identifier (ID) across all libraries to ensure proper functionality if a project uses blocks from different libraries. ID should be a value  $< 4000$  for internal blocks and a value  $\geq 4000$  for external blocks.

#### Additional $\LaTeX$ information file

In case of having a  $\LaTeX$  file with additional block information the name of the file can be set.

#### Mask in- & outputs

Every block can have several inports & outports. Each in-/outport must have a unique name.



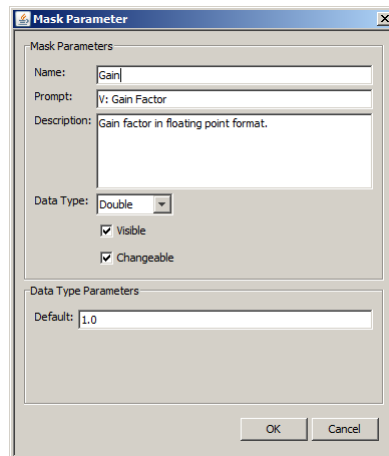
## Mask parameters

Every block can have several mask parameters. Each mask parameter must have a unique name. *Prompt* will be displayed next to the value input of this parameter. *Data type* decides between an input field for type *Double* or a dropdown menu for type *ComboBox*.

In case of type *Double* you can select the *Default value* for this parameter.

Type *ComboBox* lets you add/remove items which can be selected by the user if this parameter value should be changed. The default value is defined by selecting one out of the entries.

*Visible* makes this parameter visible, *Changeable* en- or disables this parameter.



The image shows a 'Mask Parameter' dialog box with the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'Gain'.
- Prompt:** A text input field containing 'V: Gain Factor'.
- Description:** A text area containing 'Gain factor in floating point format.'
- Data Type:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'Double'.
- Visible:** A checked checkbox.
- Changeable:** A checked checkbox.
- Data Type Parameters:** A section containing a 'Default:' label and a text input field with the value '1.0'.
- Buttons:** 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right.

## Visualizations

*Visualizations* are used to represent the block within a model. *Command* contains the language specific commands to represent the block.

## 12.2 Implementation properties

Every block must have at least 1 Implementation. Each Implementation has its Init-, Update-, Save- and Load functions (C) and Conversion functions (Java/Python/JavaScript).

### Name

Each implementation must have a unique name within a block. The Implementation name is used for C- & Java code file name.

### Identifier

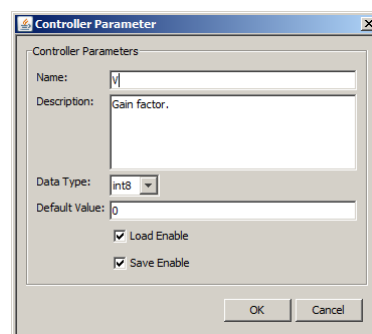
Every Implementation needs an unique identifier (ID) within its block. This ID can have values in the range from 0 to 15.

### Controller In- & Outports

The Controller In- & Outport names can be selected but not edited. The names are defined by the block's Mask In- & Outports. Only the data type must be selected for each In-/Outport.

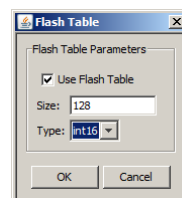
### Controller Parameter

Each Controller Parameter must have an unique name within its Implementation. The data type and default value can be selected. Also the ability to download/upload the parameter can be defined by using *Load Enable* and *Save Enable* checkboxes.



### Flash table

A flash table can be enabled for this block by using the *Change* button. If *Use Flash Table* is selected, the size and data type of the flash table can be selected.



### Conversion function type

The Conversion function type can be selected by using the dropdown menu. If *Java*, *Python* or *JavaScript* is selected, the Block Generator will generate a conversion function file for this block, otherwise no conversion function file will be created.

### Update enable

If checked, an Update function is generated when saving the block.

## 12.3 Save or load a block

Saving & loading is done via the *File* menu in the menu bar.

### Saving

If the selected block is member of an internal library, the Block Generator automatically uses the correct library root directory.

In case of an external library block type, the user is prompted a directory selection window, in which the project directory can be selected. The library root directory is now located in: <user directory selection>\<Library>\<library name>.

Each library is organized in this structure:

- Controller: Directory with the C-code source files (\*.c, \*.h).
- Conversion: Directory with the Java, Python or JavaScript conversion files.
- Doc: Directory with files needed for the (auto-generated) documentation.
- Scilab: This directory contains the *Scilab/Xcos* library files as well as the interfaces functions and the files need for simulation in *Scilab/Xcos*.
- XML: Configuration files (\*.xml) contain all block parameters and are located in this directory.



## Part IV

# How-To

### 13 X2C code generation with *Scilab/Xcos*

The following section describes X2C code generation of a *Scilab/Xcos* model based on the *Blinky* demo application.

1. Open *Scilab/Xcos* and in the file browser navigate to your project directory (e.g. <X2C\_ROOT>\DemoApplication\Blinky\_TI\_TMS320F28069\_controlSTICK\X2CCode).
2. Double click on **DemoApplication.zcos**. The example project contains a few blocks used to demonstrate the basic function of X2C (see figure 14). The *Inport* and *Outport* blocks define the interface between the generated X2C code and the peripheral functions (e.g. ADC or GPIO Pins) on the target. For details about each block function read *X2Copen.Doc.pdf* in the documentation folder of the X2C directory.

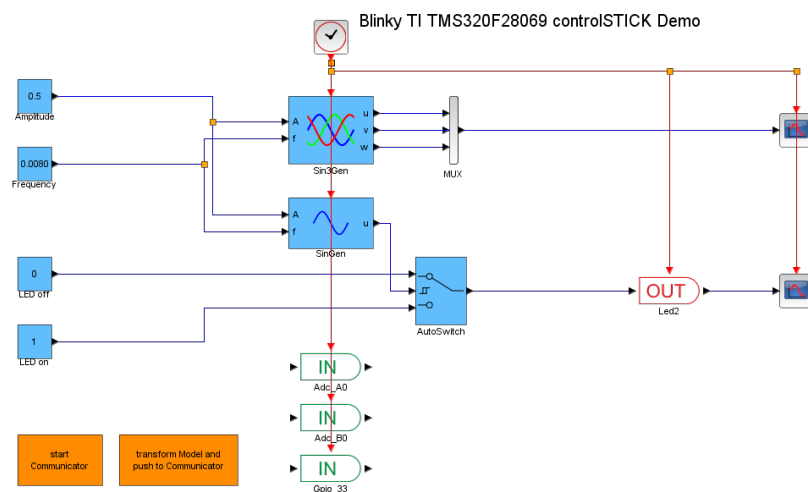


Figure 14: *Blinky* demo application in *Scilab/Xcos*

3. Double click on **start Communicator** (for more information about the *Communicator* see section 10). Some details of the current actions of the *Communicator* are shown in the *Log* area of the *Communicator* window and the *Scilab/Xcos* command line:

```

1      Starting Communicator
2      done
3      Successfully connected to Communicator

```

4. Double click on **Transform model and push to Communicator** and check the pop-up window for the end of the transformation process.
5. Click **Create Code** in the *Communicator*. Now the files *X2C.h* and *X2C.c* are generated in the <PROJECT\_ROOT>\X2CCode directory and the Log screen should contain the lines:

```

1      [...]
2      Model updated
3      Model XML file write: OK
4      Create code successful.

```

6. The *C* code for the *X2C* application has been created. Depending on the used target start the programming tool (e.g. *Code Composer Studio* or *MPLAB X*) and import the *Blinky* demo application project as described in section [14](#), or [15](#) respectively. Follow the instructions on how to configure and flash the project on the target.

## 14 Loading and building the demo application Blinky in Code Composer Studio

The demo application *Blinky* is intended to be used with *TI F28069 Piccolo controlSTICK*.

1. Connect the *TI F28069 Piccolo controlSTICK* with the computer.
2. Open *Code Composer Studio* (choose workspace directory as you like). Now click **Project** → **Import Existing CCS Eclipse Project**. Browse to the location of the *Blinky* project (<X2C\_ROOT>\DemoApplication\Blinky\_TI\_TMS320F28069\_controlSTICK). Click **Finish** to import the project.
3. In the *Code Composer Studio* file structure of the *Blinky* demo project there are two virtual folders *Blocks* and *Core*, which should be linked directly to the *X2C* directory. To ensure this go to **Project** → **Properties** drop down **Resource** and click **Linked Resources**. Double click on folder **X2C\_ROOT** and set the correct link to your *X2C* installation directory (<X2C\_ROOT>). After hitting **OK** two times there should not be any warning signs (like shown in figure 15) at the icons for the linked files in the *Blocks* and *Core* folders.

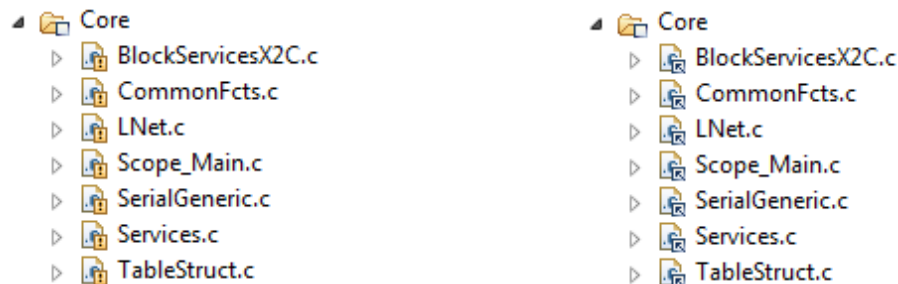


Figure 15: *Code Composer Studio* invalid (left) and valid (right) *X2C* root directory

4. The generated code from *X2C* is located in the folder <X2C\_ROOT>\DemoApplication\Blinky\_TI\_TMS320F28069\_controlSTICK\X2CCode. To check if code generation went fine go to the *X2CCode* folder and open *X2C.c*. Make sure time and date of code generation is plausible.
5. Build the project in *Code Composer Studio* by clicking **Project** → **Build all** or by clicking on the **Hammer** symbol as seen in figure 16 at the top of the screen. Check for errors while building in the console at the bottom of the screen.



Figure 16: *Code Composer Studio* build and debug buttons

6. If your target is connected to the computer click **Run** → **Debug** or click on the *Bug* symbol as seen in figure 16 at the top. The program is now transferred to the target and can be started with the **green arrow** button at the top.
7. After starting the program the on-board LED of the *TI F28069 Piccolo controlSTICK* should be blinking!

## 15 Loading and building the demo application Blinky in MPLAB X

The demo application *Blinky* is build for the combination of the *Microstick II* with the *dsPIC33FJ128MC802* processor and the *MicrostickPlus* developer board (for details see [www.microstick.com](http://www.microstick.com)).

**Info:** While flashing new code only the *Microstick II* needs to be connected with the computer.

1. Connect the *Microstick II* with the computer.
2. Open *MPLAB X* and click **File** → **Open Project**. Browse to the location of the *Blinky* demo application in the *X2C* directory <X2C\_ROOT>\DemoApplication\...\Blinky\_Microchip\_dsPIC33Fxxx\_MicrostickPlus. Click **Open Project**.
3. In the case the demo application is copied/moved to a different location, the include paths have to be adapted. To ensure the compiler uses the correct path variables right click on the **Projectname** → **Properties** → **XC16 Global Options** → **xc16-gcc**. In the drop down menu **Option categories** choose **Preprocessing and messages**. Click on the dots beside *C include dirs*. There are relative paths to the needed include files listed as seen in figure 17. Correct the links by double clicking on the path variables.  
**Info:** Only the links to the *Library* and *Controller* path need to be updated.

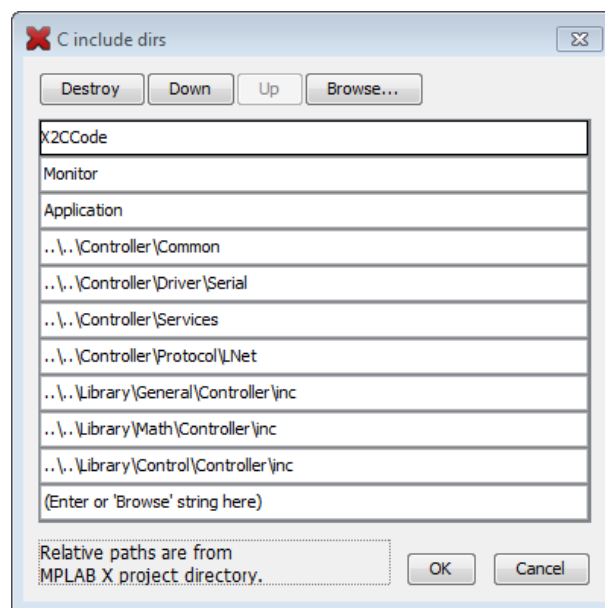


Figure 17: Default path variables for the include files

4. Go to **Run** → **Clean and Build Main Project** or click the *hammer with brush* button as seen in figure 18. After building there should be a message BUILD SUCCESSFUL in the message area at the bottom of the screen.



Figure 18: MPLAB X Clean and Build Main Project button

5. If the build process was successful go to **Run** → **Run Main Project** or click the *Green Arrow* button as seen in figure 18. If there is a message similar to *MICROSTICK not Found* try to select the *Starter Kits (PKOB)* item which represents your board.

6. After starting the program the LED (RB12) on the *MicrostickPlus Board* should be blinking!

## 16 X2C block generation

This section describes the creation of an external (or project specific) X2C block. Basically, block creation is done in three steps as described below.

### 16.1 Generation of block structure

Generate the general block structure with the BlockGenerator tool described in section 12. The BlockGenerator can be started by executing the BlockGenerator.jar file located in <X2C\_ROOT>\System\Java\.

### 16.2 Coding

Enter the functionality of the block in its C-code source file. The C-code source file can be found in <ProjectDir>\Library\<LibraryName>\Controller\src\.

If the block uses mask parameters, the conversion function, which converts the mask parameters into controller parameters, has to be coded as well. The conversion function can be found in <ProjectDir>\Library\<LibraryName>\Conversion\<ConversionType>\.

### 16.3 Finishing of block in Scilab

In Scilab execute the command `createXcosBlock('<LibraryName>', '<BlockName>', '<ProjectDir>')`.

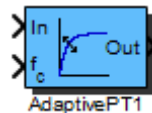
## Part V

# Libraries

## 17 Control

### Block: AdaptivePT1

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)
fc	Cutoff frequency

Outports	
Out	Output Out(k)

Mask Parameters	
V	Gain
fmax	Maximum frequency [Hz] (not used in floating point implementations)
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)
method	Discretization method

#### Description:

First order low pass with adaptive cut off frequency:

$$G(s) = V/(s/(2\pi f_c) + 1)$$

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = V \frac{1 - e^{-2\pi f_c T_s}}{z - e^{-2\pi f_c T_s}}$$

#### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3408
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	AdaptivePT1_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	AdaptivePT1_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
w_scale	Calculation base for wc: $-2\pi Ts f_{max}$
gain	Gain
sfr	Shift factor for gain
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *ln;  
    int8      *fc;  
    int8      Out;  
    int8      w_scale;  
    int8      gain;  
    uint8      sfr;  
    int8      in_old;  
} ADAPTIVEPT1_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3409
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>C filename</b>	AdaptivePT1_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	AdaptivePT1_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
w_scale	Calculation base for wc: $-2\pi Ts f_{max}$
gain	Gain
sfr	Shift factor for gain
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;
```



```

    int16      *In ;
    int16      *fc ;
    int16      Out;
    int16      w_scale;
    int16      gain;
    uint8      sfr ;
    int16      in_old;
} ADAPTIVEPT1_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3410  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** AdaptivePT1\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** AdaptivePT1\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
w_scale	Calculation base for wc: $-2 \cdot \pi \cdot T_s \cdot f_{\max}$
gain	Gain
sfr	Shift factor for gain
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32      *In ;
    int32      *fc ;
    int32      Out;
    int32      w_scale;
    int32      gain;
    uint8      sfr ;
    int32      in_old;
} ADAPTIVEPT1_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3411  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** AdaptivePT1\_Float32.c  
**H filename** AdaptivePT1\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
w_scale	Calculation base for wc: $-2\pi Ts f_{max}$
gain	Gain
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *fc;
    float32     Out;
    float32     w_scale;
    float32     gain;
    float32     in_old;
} ADAPTIVEPT1_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name**            Float64  
**ID**                3412  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      AdaptivePT1\_Float64.c  
**H filename**      AdaptivePT1\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
w_scale	Calculation base for wc: $-2\pi Ts f_{max}$
gain	Gain
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *fc;
    float64     Out;
    float64     w_scale;
    float64     gain;
    float64     in_old;
} ADAPTIVEPT1_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Delay



Inports	
In	Input In(k)
Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)=In(k-1)
Mask Parameters	
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Output delay by one sample time interval.

This block can be used to enable feedback loops in the model.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3425
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Delay_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Delay_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
In_old	Input value from previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;
```

```

    int16      *In ;
    int16      Out;
    int16      In_old;
} DELAY_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3426  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Delay\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** Delay\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
In_old	Input value from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
    int32       In_old;
} DELAY_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3427  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Delay\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Delay\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
In_old	Input value from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     In_old;
} DELAY_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3428
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Delay_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Delay_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

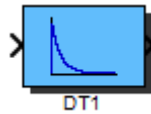
Controller Parameters	
In_old	Input value from previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     In_old;  
} DELAY_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: DT1

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)

Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)

Mask Parameters	
V	Gain
fc	Cut off frequency of low pass filter
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)
method	Discretization method

### Description:

First order high pass:

$$G(s) = V \cdot s / (s/w + 1)$$

Due to limited value range in the 8 bit fixed point implementation rather high deviations from expected output values may occur.

**Developer note:** The source code of block *TF1* is used.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3328
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	DT1_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	DT1_FiP8.h

## 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *ln;  
    int8      Out;  
    int8      b0;  
    int8      b1;  
    int8      a0;  
    int8      sfrb;  
    int8      sfra;  
    int8      in_old;  
} DT1_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3329
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	DT1_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	DT1_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16      *ln;  
    int16      Out;  
}
```

```

        int16      b0;
        int16      b1;
        int16      a0;
        int8       sfrb;
        int8       sfra;
        int16      in_old;
    } DT1_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3330  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** DT1\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** DT1\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	ln(k-1)

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *ln;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int32       b1;
    int32       a0;
    int8        sfrb;
    int8        sfra;
    int32       in_old;
} DT1_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3331  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** DT1\_Float32.c  
**H filename** DT1\_Float32.h



## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     b0;
    float32     b1;
    float32     a0;
    float32     in_old;
} DT1_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 3332  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** DT1\_Float64.c  
**H filename** DT1\_Float64.h

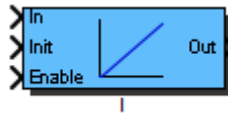
## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     b1;
    float64     a0;
    float64     in_old;
} DT1_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: I



Inports	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out set to 0 Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	Control value

Mask Parameters	
Ki	Integral Factor
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

I controller:

$$G(s) = K_I/s = 1/(T_i \cdot s)$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer datatype for the integrational value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* inport will preload the integrational part with the value present on the *Init* inport.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_I T_s \frac{1}{z - 1}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3200
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	I_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	I_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
    int8      *Init;  
    int8      *Enable;  
    int8      Out;  
    int8      b0;  
    int8      sfr;  
    int16     i_old;  
    int8      enable_old;  
} I_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3201
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	I_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	I_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
```

```

uint16      ID;
int16       *In;
int16       *Init;
int8        *Enable;
int16       Out;
int16       b0;
int8        sfr;
int32       i_old;
int8        enable_old;
} I_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3202  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** I\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** I\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int8        sfr;
    int64       i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} I_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3203  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** I\_Float32.c  
**H filename** I\_Float32.h

## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     *Init;  
    int8        *Enable;  
    float32     Out;  
    float32     b0;  
    float32     i_old;  
    int8        enable_old;  
} I_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3204
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	I_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	I_Float64.h

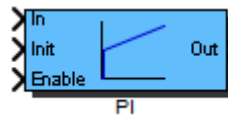
## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     *Init;  
    int8        *Enable;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     b0;  
    float64     i_old;  
    int8        enable_old;  
} I_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: PI



Inputs	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out set to 0 Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Kp	Proportional Factor
Ki	Integral Factor
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

PI controller:

$$G(s) = K_p + K_i/s$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer data type for the integral value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* inport will preload the integral part with the value present on the *Init* inport.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_P + K_I T_s \frac{1}{z - 1}$$

**Developer note:** For the fixed point implementations the source code of block [Block: PILimit](#) is used.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

**Name** FiP8  
**ID** 3216  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PI\_FiP8.c  
**H filename** PI\_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In;  
    int8 *Init;  
    int8 *Enable;  
    int8 Out;  
    int8 b0;  
    int8 b1;  
    int8 sfrb0;  
    int8 sfrb1;  
    int16 i_old;  
    int8 enable_old;  
} PI_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3217  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PI\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** PI\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16     *In;
    int16     *InIt;
    int8      *Enable;
    int16     Out;
    int16     b0;
    int16     b1;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int32     i_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PI_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                3218  
**Revision**        2.0  
**C filename**      PI\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**      PI\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In;
    int32     *InIt;
}
```



```

    int8      *Enable;
    int32     Out;
    int32     b0;
    int32     b1;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int64     i_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PI_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3219  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PI\_Float32.c  
**H filename** PI\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16     ID;
    float32    *In;
    float32    *Init;
    int8       *Enable;
    float32    Out;
    float32    b0;
    float32    b1;
    float32    i_old;
    int8       enable_old;
} PI_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 3220  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PI\_Float64.c  
**H filename** PI\_Float64.h

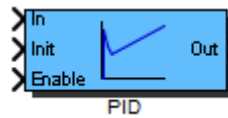
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    float64   *In;
    float64   *Init;
    int8      *Enable;
    float64    Out;
    float64    b0;
    float64    b1;
    float64    i_old;
    int8       enable_old;
} PI_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: PID



Inputs	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out set to 0 Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Kp	Proportional Factor
Ki	Integral Factor
Kd	Derivative Factor
fc	Cutoff frequency of realization low pass
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

PID controller:

$$G(s) = K_p + K_i/s + K_d*s/(s/(2*\pi*fc) + 1)$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer datatype for the integrational value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* input will preload the integrational part with the value present on the *Init* input.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_P + K_I T_s \frac{1}{z-1} + K_D \omega_c \frac{z-1}{z - e^{-\omega_c T_s}}$$

**FiP8 bug:** When using the TI compiler the step response of the derivative part doesn't return to zero, but generates an overflow at zero crossing if the derivative parameter value is too high.

**Developer note:** For the fixed point implementations the source code of block *PIDLimit* is used.

## Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3248
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	PID_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	PID_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      *Init;
    int8      *Enable;
    int8      Out;
    int8      b0;
    int8      b1;
    int8      b0d;
    int8      b1d;
    int8      a0d;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int8      sfrd;
    int8      in_old;
}
```

```

    int16    i_old;
    int8     d_old;
    int8     enable_old;
} PID_FIP8;

```

## Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                3249  
**Revision**        1.0  
**C filename**      PID\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**      PID\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16     *In;
    int16     *Init;
    int8      *Enable;
    int16     Out;
    int16     b0;
    int16     b1;
    int16     b0d;
    int16     b1d;
    int16     a0d;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int8      sfrd;
    int16     in_old;
    int32     i_old;
    int16     d_old;
    int8      enable_old;
}

```

```
} PID_FIP16;
```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3250  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** PID\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** PID\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In;
    int32     *Init;
    int8      *Enable;
    int32     Out;
    int32     b0;
    int32     b1;
    int32     b0d;
    int32     b1d;
    int32     a0d;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int8      sfrd;
    int32     in_old;
    int64     i_old;
    int32     d_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PID_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	3251
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	PID_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	PID_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float32     Out;
    float32     b0;
    float32     b1;
    float32     b0d;
    float32     b1d;
    float32     a0d;
    float32     in_old;
    float32     i_old;
    float32     d_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} PID_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3252
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	PID_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	PID_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

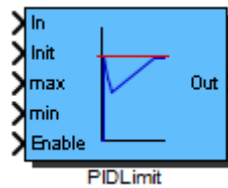
Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    float64   *In;
    float64   *InIt;
    int8      *Enable;
    float64    Out;
    float64    b0;
    float64    b1;
    float64    b0d;
    float64    b1d;
    float64    a0d;
    float64    in_old;
    float64    i_old;
    float64    d_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PID_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: PIDLimit



Inports	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
max	Maximum output value
min	Minimum output value
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out set to 0 Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Kp	Proportional Factor
Ki	Integral Factor
Kd	Derivative Factor
fc	Cutoff frequency of realization low pass
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

PID Controller with Output Limitation:

$$G(s) = K_p + K_i/s + K_d*s/(s/(2*\pi*fc) + 1)$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer datatype for the integrational value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* inport will preload the integrational part with the value present on the *Init* inport.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_P + K_I T_s \frac{1}{z-1} + K_D \omega_c \frac{z-1}{z - e^{-\omega_c T_s}}$$

**FIP8 bug:** When using the TI compiler the step response of the derivative part doesn't return to zero, but generates an overflow at zero crossing if the derivative parameter value is too high.

**Developer note:** The fixed point implementation source code of this block is used for block *PID*.

#### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3264
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	PIDLimit_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	PIDLimit_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable(k-1)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      *InIt;
    int8      *max;
    int8      *min;
    int8      *Enable;
    int8      Out;
    int8      b0;
    int8      b1;
    int8      b0d;
}
```

```

    int8      b1d;
    int8      a0d;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int8      sfrd;
    int8      in_old;
    int16     i_old;
    int8      d_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PIDLIMIT_FIP8;

```

## Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3265  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** PIDLimit\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** PIDLimit\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable(k-1)

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16     ID;
    int16      *In;
    int16      *InIt;
    int16      *max;
    int16      *min;
    int8       *Enable;
    int16      Out;
    int16      b0;
    int16      b1;
    int16      b0d;
    int16      b1d;
}

```

```

    int16    a0d;
    int8     sfrb0;
    int8     sfrb1;
    int8     sfrd;
    int16    in_old;
    int32    i_old;
    int16    d_old;
    int8     enable_old;
} PIDLIMIT_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3266  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** PIDLimit\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** PIDLimit\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
sfrd	Shift factor for D coefficients b0d and b1d
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable(k-1)

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In;
    int32     *InIt;
    int32     *max;
    int32     *min;
    int8      *Enable;
    int32     Out;
    int32     b0;
    int32     b1;
    int32     b0d;
    int32     b1d;
    int32     a0d;

```

```

    int8      sfrb0 ;
    int8      sfrb1 ;
    int8      sfrd ;
    int32     in_old ;
    int64     i_old ;
    int32     d_old ;
    int8      enable_old ;
} PIDLIMIT_FIP32 ;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3267  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** PIDLimit\_Float32.c  
**H filename** PIDLimit\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable(k-1)

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID ;
    float32     *In ;
    float32     *InIt ;
    float32     *max ;
    float32     *min ;
    int8        *Enable ;
    float32     Out ;
    float32     b0 ;
    float32     b1 ;
    float32     b0d ;
    float32     b1d ;
    float32     a0d ;
    float32     in_old ;
    float32     i_old ;
    float32     d_old ;
    int8        enable_old ;
} PIDLIMIT_FLOAT32 ;

```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3268
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	PIDLimit_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	PIDLimit_Float64.h

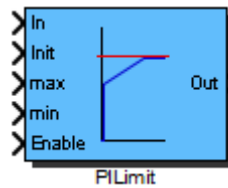
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
b0d	Derivational coefficient b0
b1d	Derivational coefficient b1
a0d	Derivational coefficient a0
in_old	Input value of previous cycle
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
d_old	Derivative value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable(k-1)

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *Init;
    float64     *max;
    float64     *min;
    int8        *Enable;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     b1;
    float64     b0d;
    float64     b1d;
    float64     a0d;
    float64     in_old;
    float64     i_old;
    float64     d_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} PIDLIMIT_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: PILimit



Inports	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
max	Maximum output value
min	Minimum output value
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out set to 0 Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Kp	Proportional Factor
Ki	Integral Factor
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

PI controller with output limitation:

$$G(s) = K_p + K_i/s$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer data type for the integral value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* inport will preload the integral part with the value present on the *Init* inport.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_P + K_I T_s \frac{1}{z - 1}$$

**Developer note:** The fixed point implementation source code of this block is used for block [Block: PI](#).

## Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3232
<b>Revision</b>	2.0
<b>C filename</b>	PILimit_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	PILimit_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      *InIt;
    int8      *max;
    int8      *min;
    int8      *Enable;
    int8      Out;
    int8      b0;
    int8      b1;
    int8      sfrb0;
    int8      sfrb1;
    int16     i_old;
    int8      enable_old;
} PILIMIT_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

---



**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3233  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PILimit\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** PILimit\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integrall coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       *InIt;
    int16       *max;
    int16       *min;
    int8        *Enable;
    int16       Out;
    int16       b0;
    int16       b1;
    int8        sfrb0;
    int8        sfrb1;
    int32       i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} PILIMIT_FIP16;
  
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3234  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PILimit\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** PILimit\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integrall coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
sfrb0	Shift factor for PI coefficient b0
sfrb1	Shift factor for PI coefficient b1
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       *InIt;
    int32       *max;
    int32       *min;
    int8        *Enable;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int32       b1;
    int8        sfrb0;
    int8        sfrb1;
    int64       i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} PILIMIT_FIP32;
```

#### Implementation: Float32

**Name**            Float32  
**ID**                3235  
**Revision**        2.0  
**C filename**      PILimit\_Float32.c  
**H filename**      PILimit\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *InIt;
    float32     *max;
```

```

float32      *min;
int8         *Enable;
float32      Out;
float32      b0;
float32      b1;
float32      i_old;
int8         enable_old;
} PILIMIT_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 3236  
**Revision** 2.0  
**C filename** PILimit\_Float64.c  
**H filename** PILimit\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
b1	Proportional coefficient
i_old	Integrator value of previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

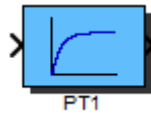
```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *Init;
    float64     *max;
    float64     *min;
    int8        *Enable;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     b1;
    float64     i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} PILIMIT_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: PT1

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)

Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)

Mask Parameters	
V	Gain
fc	Cut off frequency of low pass filter
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)
method	Discretization method

### Description:

First order low pass:

$$G(s) = V/(s/w + 1)$$

Due to limited value range in the 8 bit fixed point implementation rather high deviations from expected output values may occur.

**Developer note:** The source code of block *TF1* is used.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3312
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	PT1_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	PT1_FiP8.h

## 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *ln;
    int8      Out;
    int8      b0;
    int8      b1;
    int8      a0;
    int8      sfrb;
    int8      sfra;
    int8      in_old;
} PT1_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                3313  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      PT1\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**      PT1\_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16      *ln;
    int16      Out;
}
```

```

        int16      b0;
        int16      b1;
        int16      a0;
        int8       sfrb;
        int8       sfra;
        int16      in_old;
    } PT1_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                3314  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      PT1\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**      PT1\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
a0	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	ln(k-1)

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *ln;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int32       b1;
    int32       a0;
    int8        sfrb;
    int8        sfra;
    int32       in_old;
} PT1_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name**            Float32  
**ID**                3315  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      PT1\_Float32.c  
**H filename**      PT1\_Float32.h

## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     Out;  
    float32     b0;  
    float32     b1;  
    float32     a0;  
    float32     in_old;  
} PT1_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3316
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	PT1_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	PT1_Float64.h

## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

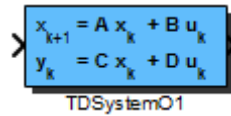
Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     b0;  
    float64     b1;  
    float64     a0;  
    float64     in_old;  
} PT1_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: TDSysTemO1

---



Inports	
In	Input #1

Outports	
Out	Output #1

Mask Parameters	
A	State matrix A
B	Input matrix B
C	Output matrix C
D	Feedthrough matrix D

### Description:

1st order time discrete system with one input and one output.

Calculation:

$$\begin{aligned}x_{1,k+1} &= a_{11}x_{1,k} + b_{11}u_{1,k} \\ y_{1,k} &= c_{11}x_{1,k} + d_{11}u_{1,k}\end{aligned}$$

or short

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{x}_{k+1} &= \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_k + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}_k \\ \mathbf{y}_k &= \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x}_k + \mathbf{D}\mathbf{u}_k\end{aligned}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---



**Name** FiP8  
**ID** 3344  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP8.c  
**H filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
b11	Coefficient b11
c11	Coefficient c11
d11	Coefficient d11
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrc11	Shift factor for coefficient c11
sfrd11	Shift factor for coefficient d11
x1	State x1

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      Out;
    int8      a11;
    int8      b11;
    int8      c11;
    int8      d11;
    uint8     sfra11;
    uint8     sfrb11;
    uint8     sfrc11;
    uint8     sfrd11;
    int8      x1;
} TDSYSTEMO1_FIP8;
  
```

**Implementation: FiP16**

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3345  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
b11	Coefficient b11
c11	Coefficient c11
d11	Coefficient d11
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrc11	Shift factor for coefficient c11
sfrd11	Shift factor for coefficient d11
x1	State x1

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int16 *In;
    int16 Out;
    int16 a11;
    int16 b11;
    int16 c11;
    int16 d11;
    uint8 sfra11;
    uint8 sfrb11;
    uint8 sfrc11;
    uint8 sfrd11;
    int16 x1;
} TDSYSTEMO1_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3346  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
b11	Coefficient b11
c11	Coefficient c11
d11	Coefficient d11
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrc11	Shift factor for coefficient c11
sfrd11	Shift factor for coefficient d11
x1	State x1

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In;
    int32     Out;
    int32     a11;
    int32     b11;
    int32     c11;
    int32     d11;
    uint8     sfra11;
    uint8     sfrb11;
    uint8     sfrc11;
    uint8     sfrd11;
    int32     x1;
} TDSYSTEMO1_FIP32;
```

#### Implementation: Float32

**Name**            Float32  
**ID**                3347  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      TDSYSTEMO1\_Float32.c  
**H filename**      TDSYSTEMO1\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
b11	Coefficient b11
c11	Coefficient c11
d11	Coefficient d11
x1	State x1

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     a11;
    float32     b11;
    float32     c11;
    float32     d11;
    float32     x1;
} TDSYSTEMO1_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 3348  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_Float64.c  
**H filename** TDSYSTEMO1\_Float64.h

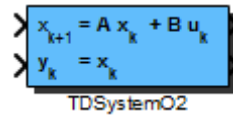
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
b11	Coefficient b11
c11	Coefficient c11
d11	Coefficient d11
x1	State x1

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     a11;
    float64     b11;
    float64     c11;
    float64     d11;
    float64     x1;
} TDSYSTEMO1_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: TDSysTemO2



Inports	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2

Outputs	
Out1	Output #1
Out2	Output #2

Mask Parameters	
A	State matrix A
B	Input matrix B

### Description:

2nd order time discrete system with two inputs and two outputs.

Calculation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{1,k+1} \\ x_{2,k+1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1,k} \\ x_{2,k} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{1,k} \\ u_{2,k} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1,k} \\ x_{2,k} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{1,k} \\ u_{2,k} \end{bmatrix}$$

or short

$$\mathbf{x}_{k+1} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_k + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}_k$$

$$\mathbf{y}_k = \mathbf{x}_k$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3360
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>C filename</b>	TDSysO2_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	TDSysO2_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
a12	Coefficient a12
a21	Coefficient a21
a22	Coefficient a22
b11	Coefficient b11
b12	Coefficient b12
b21	Coefficient b21
b22	Coefficient b22
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfra12	Shift factor for coefficient a12
sfra21	Shift factor for coefficient a21
sfra22	Shift factor for coefficient a22
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrb12	Shift factor for coefficient b12
sfrb21	Shift factor for coefficient b21
sfrb22	Shift factor for coefficient b22
x1	State x1
x2	State x2

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In1;
    int8      *In2;
    int8      Out1;
    int8      Out2;
    int8      a11;
    int8      a12;
    int8      a21;
    int8      a22;
    int8      b11;
    int8      b12;
    int8      b21;
    int8      b22;
    uint8      sfra11;
    uint8      sfra12;
    uint8      sfra21;
```

```

uint8      sfra22;
uint8      sfrb11;
uint8      sfrb12;
uint8      sfrb21;
uint8      sfrb22;
int8       x1;
int8       x2;
} TDSYSTEMO2_FIP8;

```

## Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3361  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** TDSYSTEMO2\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** TDSYSTEMO2\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
a12	Coefficient a12
a21	Coefficient a21
a22	Coefficient a22
b11	Coefficient b11
b12	Coefficient b12
b21	Coefficient b21
b22	Coefficient b22
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfra12	Shift factor for coefficient a12
sfra21	Shift factor for coefficient a21
sfra22	Shift factor for coefficient a22
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrb12	Shift factor for coefficient b12
sfrb21	Shift factor for coefficient b21
sfrb22	Shift factor for coefficient b22
x1	State x1
x2	State x2

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In1;
    int16       *In2;
    int16       Out1;
    int16       Out2;
}

```

```

    int16      a11;
    int16      a12;
    int16      a21;
    int16      a22;
    int16      b11;
    int16      b12;
    int16      b21;
    int16      b22;
    uint8      sfra11;
    uint8      sfra12;
    uint8      sfra21;
    uint8      sfra22;
    uint8      sfrb11;
    uint8      sfrb12;
    uint8      sfrb21;
    uint8      sfrb22;
    int16      x1;
    int16      x2;
} TDSYSTEMO2_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	3362
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>C filename</b>	TDSystemO2_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TDSystemO2_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation



Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
a12	Coefficient a12
a21	Coefficient a21
a22	Coefficient a22
b11	Coefficient b11
b12	Coefficient b12
b21	Coefficient b21
b22	Coefficient b22
sfra11	Shift factor for coefficient a11
sfra12	Shift factor for coefficient a12
sfra21	Shift factor for coefficient a21
sfra22	Shift factor for coefficient a22
sfrb11	Shift factor for coefficient b11
sfrb12	Shift factor for coefficient b12
sfrb21	Shift factor for coefficient b21
sfrb22	Shift factor for coefficient b22
x1	State x1
x2	State x2

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In1;
    int32     *In2;
    int32     Out1;
    int32     Out2;
    int32     a11;
    int32     a12;
    int32     a21;
    int32     a22;
    int32     b11;
    int32     b12;
    int32     b21;
    int32     b22;
    uint8     sfra11;
    uint8     sfra12;
    uint8     sfra21;
    uint8     sfra22;
    uint8     sfrb11;
    uint8     sfrb12;
    uint8     sfrb21;
    uint8     sfrb22;
    int32     x1;
    int32     x2;
} TDSYSTEMO2_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	3363
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TDSysTemO2_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TDSysTemO2_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
a12	Coefficient a12
a21	Coefficient a21
a22	Coefficient a22
b11	Coefficient b11
b12	Coefficient b12
b21	Coefficient b21
b22	Coefficient b22
x1	State x1
x2	State x2

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In1;  
    float32     *In2;  
    float32     Out1;  
    float32     Out2;  
    float32     a11;  
    float32     a12;  
    float32     a21;  
    float32     a22;  
    float32     b11;  
    float32     b12;  
    float32     b21;  
    float32     b22;  
    float32     x1;  
    float32     x2;  
} TDSYSTEMO2_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3364
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TDSysTemO2_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	TDSysTemO2_Float64.h

## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

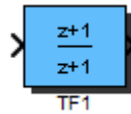
Controller Parameters	
a11	Coefficient a11
a12	Coefficient a12
a21	Coefficient a21
a22	Coefficient a22
b11	Coefficient b11
b12	Coefficient b12
b21	Coefficient b21
b22	Coefficient b22
x1	State x1
x2	State x2

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In1;  
    float64     *In2;  
    float64     Out1;  
    float64     Out2;  
    float64     a11;  
    float64     a12;  
    float64     a21;  
    float64     a22;  
    float64     b11;  
    float64     b12;  
    float64     b21;  
    float64     b22;  
    float64     x1;  
    float64     x2;  
} TDSYSTEMO2_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: TF1

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)

Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)

Mask Parameters	
b1	b1
b0	b0
a0	a0
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

First order transfer function:

$$G(z) = (b1.z + b0) / (z + a0)$$

Due to limited value range in the 8 bit fixed point implementation rather high deviations from expected output values may occur.

**Developer note:** The source code of this block is used for blocks *DT1* and *PT1*.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3280
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TF1_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	TF1_FiP8.h

## 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
sfrb	Shift factor for coefficient b0 and b1
sfra	Shift factor for coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int8 *In;
    int8 Out;
    int8 b0;
    int8 b1;
    int8 a0;
    int8 sfrb;
    int8 sfra;
    int8 in_old;
} TF1_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 3281  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** TF1\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** TF1\_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
sfrb	Shift factor for coefficient b0 and b1
sfra	Shift factor for coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int16 *In;
    int16 Out;
}
```

```

        int16      b0;
        int16      b1;
        int16      a0;
        int8       sfrb;
        int8       sfra;
        int16      in_old;
    } TF1_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3282  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** TF1\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** TF1\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
sfrb	Shift factor for coefficient b0 and b1
sfra	Shift factor for coefficient a0
in_old	ln(k-1)

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *ln;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int32       b1;
    int32       a0;
    int8        sfrb;
    int8        sfra;
    int32       in_old;
} TF1_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3283  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** TF1\_Float32.c  
**H filename** TF1\_Float32.h

## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     b0;
    float32     b1;
    float32     a0;
    float32     in_old;
} TF1_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 3284  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** TF1\_Float64.c  
**H filename** TF1\_Float64.h

## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

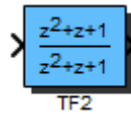
Controller Parameters	
b0	Coefficient b0
b1	Coefficient b1
a0	Coefficient a0
in_old	$\ln(k-1)$

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     b1;
    float64     a0;
    float64     in_old;
} TF1_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: TF2

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)

Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)

Mask Parameters	
b2	b2
b1	b1
b0	b0
a1	a1
a0	a0
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Second order transfer function:

$$G(z) = (b2.z^2 + b1.z + b0) / (z^2 + a1.z + a0)$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3297
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TF2_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	TF2_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation



Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
b2	
a0	
a1	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	In(k-1)
in_veryold	In(k-2)
out_old	Out(k-1)
out_veryold	Out(k-2)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16     *In;
    int16     Out;
    int16     b0;
    int16     b1;
    int16     b2;
    int16     a0;
    int16     a1;
    int8      sfrb;
    int8      sfr;
    int16     in_old;
    int16     in_veryold;
    int16     out_old;
    int16     out_veryold;
} TF2_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3296
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TF2_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	TF2_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
b2	
a0	
a1	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	In(k-1)
in_veryold	In(k-2)
out_old	Out(k-1)
out_veryold	Out(k-2)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      Out;
    int8      b0;
    int8      b1;
    int8      b2;
    int8      a0;
    int8      a1;
    int8      sfrb;
    int8      sfr;
    int8      in_old;
    int8      in_veryold;
    int8      out_old;
    int8      out_veryold;
} TF2_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	3298
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TF2_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TF2_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
b2	
a0	
a1	
sfrb	
sfra	
in_old	In(k-1)
in_veryold	In(k-2)
out_old	Out(k-1)
out_veryold	Out(k-2)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In;
    int32     Out;
    int32     b0;
    int32     b1;
    int32     b2;
    int32     a0;
    int32     a1;
    int8      sfrb;
    int8      sfr;
    int32     in_old;
    int32     in_veryold;
    int32     out_old;
    int32     out_veryold;
} TF2_FIP32;
```

#### Implementation: Float32

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	3299
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TF2_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TF2_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
b2	
a0	
a1	
in_old	In(k-1)
in_veryold	In(k-2)
out_old	Out(k-1)
out_veryold	Out(k-2)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     b0;
    float32     b1;
    float32     b2;
    float32     a0;
    float32     a1;
    float32     in_old;
    float32     in_veryold;
    float32     out_old;
    float32     out_veryold;
} TF2_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name**            Float64  
**ID**                3300  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      TF2\_Float64.c  
**H filename**      TF2\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	
b1	
b2	
a0	
a1	
in_old	In(k-1)
in_veryold	In(k-2)
out_old	Out(k-1)
out_veryold	Out(k-2)

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     b1;
    float64     b2;
    float64     a0;
    float64     a1;
    float64     in_old;
    float64     in_veryold;
    float64     out_old;
    float64     out_veryold;
} TF2_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: ul



Inports	
In	Control error input
Init	Value which is loaded at initialization function call
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out is set to 0. Enable 0->1: Preload of integral part. Enable == 1: Activation of block

Outputs	
Out	Integrator output

Mask Parameters	
Ki	Integral Factor
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Integrator for angle signals:

$$G(s) = K_i/s = 1/(T_i \cdot s)$$

Each fixed point implementation uses the next higher integer datatype for the integrational value storage variable.

A rising flank at the *Enable* inport will preload the integrational part with the value present on the *Init* inport.

Transfer function (zero-order hold discretization method):

$$G(z) = K_I T_s \frac{1}{z - 1}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	3376
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	ul_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	ul_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
    int8      *Init;  
    int8      *Enable;  
    int8      Out;  
    int8      b0;  
    int8      sfr;  
    int16     i_old;  
    int8      enable_old;  
} UI_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	3377
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	ul_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	ul_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
```

```

uint16      ID;
int16       *In;
int16       *Init;
int8        *Enable;
int16       Out;
int16       b0;
int8        sfr;
int32       i_old;
int8        enable_old;
} UI_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 3378  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** ul\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** ul\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
sfr	Shift factor for I coefficient b0
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    int32       Out;
    int32       b0;
    int8        sfr;
    int64       i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} UI_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 3379  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** ul\_Float32.c  
**H filename** ul\_Float32.h



## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float32     Out;
    float32     b0;
    float32     i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} UI_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	3380
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	ul_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	ul_Float64.h

## 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
b0	Integral coefficient
i_old	Integrator value from previous cycle
enable_old	Enable value of previous cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float64     Out;
    float64     b0;
    float64     i_old;
    int8        enable_old;
} UI_FLOAT64;
```

## 18 General

### Block: And

---



Inports	
In1	
In2	

Outports	
Out	

#### Description:

Logical AND block.

#### Implementations:

- FiP8** 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16** 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32** 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	240
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	And_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	And_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In1;  
    int8 *In2;  
    int8 Out;  
} AND_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	241
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	And_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	And_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In1;  
    int16       *In2;  
    int16       Out;  
} AND_FIP16;
```

## Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	242
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	And_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	And_FiP32.h

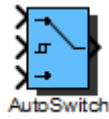
32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In1;  
    int32       *In2;  
    int32       Out;  
} AND_FIP32;
```

## Block: AutoSwitch

---



Inputs	
In1	Input #1
Switch	Input #2: Threshold signal
In3	Input #3

Outputs	
Out	Either value of input #1 or input #3 dependent on value of input #2

Mask Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal

### Description:

Switch between In1 and In3 dependent on Switch signal:

Switch signal rising: Switch  $\geq$  Threshold up  $\rightarrow$  Out = In1

Switch signal falling: Switch  $<$  Threshold down  $\rightarrow$  Out = In3

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	128
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	AutoSwitch_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	AutoSwitch_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal
Status	Current hysteresis state

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *In1;
    int8        *Switch;
    int8        *In3;
    int8        Out;
    int8        Thresh_up;
    int8        Thresh_down;
    int8        Status;
} AUTOSWITCH_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                129  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      AutoSwitch\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**      AutoSwitch\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal
Status	Current hysteresis state

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In1;
    int16       *Switch;
    int16       *In3;
    int16       Out;
    int16       Thresh_up;
    int16       Thresh_down;
    int8        Status;
} AUTOSWITCH_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 130  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** AutoSwitch\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** AutoSwitch\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal
Status	Current hysteresis state

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In1;
    int32       *Switch;
    int32       *In3;
    int32       Out;
    int32       Thresh_up;
    int32       Thresh_down;
    int8        Status;
} AUTOSWITCH_FIP32;
  
```

#### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 131  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** AutoSwitch\_Float32.c  
**H filename** AutoSwitch\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal
Status	Current hysteresis state

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *Switch;
    float32     *In3;
    float32     Out;
    float32     Thresh_up;
}
  
```

```

float32    Thresh_down;
int8       Status;
} AUTOSWITCH_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 132  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** AutoSwitch\_Float64.c  
**H filename** AutoSwitch\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Thresh_up	Threshold level for rising switch signal
Thresh_down	Threshold level for falling switch signal
Status	Current hysteresis state

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    float64    *In1;
    float64    *Switch;
    float64    *In3;
    float64    Out;
    float64    Thresh_up;
    float64    Thresh_down;
    int8       Status;
} AUTOSWITCH_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: Constant

---



Outputs	
Out	Constant output

Mask Parameters	
Value	Constant factor

### Description:

Constant value.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	48
<b>Revision</b>	0.3
<b>C filename</b>	Constant_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Constant_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 Out;  
    int8 K;  
} CONSTANT_FIP8;
```



### Implementation: FiP16

---

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 49  
**Revision** 0.3  
**C filename** Constant\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Constant\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       Out;  
    int16       K;  
} CONSTANT_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 50  
**Revision** 0.3  
**C filename** Constant\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** Constant\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       Out;  
    int32       K;  
} CONSTANT_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 51  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Constant\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Constant\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     Out;
    float32     K;
} CONSTANT_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 52  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Constant\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Constant\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     Out;
    float64     K;
} CONSTANT_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Gain

---



Inports	
In	Input

Outputs	
Out	Amplified input

Mask Parameters	
Gain	Gain factor in floating point format

### Description:

Amplification of input by gain factor.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	16
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Gain_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Gain_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
}
```

```

    int8      Out;
    int8      V;
    int8      sfr;
} GAIN_FIP8;

```

### Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 17  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Gain\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Gain\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
    int16       V;
    int8        sfr;
} GAIN_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 18  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Gain\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** Gain\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;

```

```

    int32      Out;
    int32      V;
    int8       sfr;
} GAIN_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 19  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Gain\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Gain\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     V;
} GAIN_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 20  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Gain\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Gain\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     V;
} GAIN_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: Inport

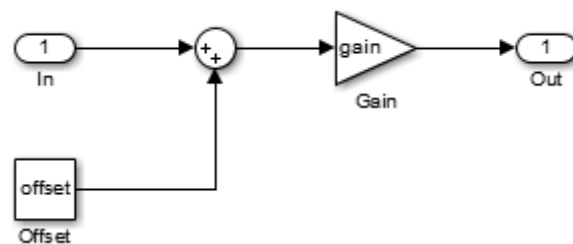


Inports	
IN	Signal from frame program

Mask Parameters	
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)
Gain	Gain value used in simulation
Offset	Offset value used in simulation

### Description:

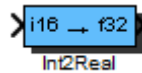
Serves as interface to the frame program. The input of this block is intended for simulation purposes and can be left unconnected if not used. Also the parameters *Gain* and *Offset* are only used during simulation. The schematic for simulation can be seen in the figure below.



### Data Types:

<b>int8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point
<b>int16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point
<b>int32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point
<b>float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point
<b>float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point

## Block: Int2Real



Inports	
In	Integer input

Outputs	
Out	Real output

Mask Parameters	
Scale	Scaling factor from integer to real

### Description:

Conversion block from integer (fixed point) datatypes to real (floating point) datatypes.  
 $\text{Out} = \text{In} * \text{Scale}$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8_Float32</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>FiP16_Float32</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>FiP32_Float32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>FiP8_Float64</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>FiP16_Float64</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>FiP32_Float64</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8\_Float32

<b>Name</b>	FiP8_Float32
<b>ID</b>	192
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP8_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP8_Float32.h

8 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;
```

```

    int8      *In ;
    float32    Out;
    float32    scale;
} INT2REAL_FIP8_FLOAT32;

```

### Implementation: FiP16\_Float32

**Name** FiP16\_Float32  
**ID** 193  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Int2Real\_FiP16\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Int2Real\_FiP16\_Float32.h

16 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16      *In;
    float32      Out;
    float32      scale;
} INT2REAL_FIP16_FLOAT32;

```

### Implementation: FiP32\_Float32

**Name** FiP32\_Float32  
**ID** 194  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Int2Real\_FiP32\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Int2Real\_FiP32\_Float32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point to 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32      *In;
    float32      Out;
    float32      scale;
} INT2REAL_FIP32_FLOAT32;

```



### Implementation: FiP8\_Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8_Float64
<b>ID</b>	195
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP8_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP8_Float64.h

8 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     scale;  
} INT2REAL_FIP8_FLOAT64;
```

### Implementation: FiP16\_Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16_Float64
<b>ID</b>	196
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP16_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Int2Real_FiP16_Float64.h

16 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16        *In;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     scale;  
} INT2REAL_FIP16_FLOAT64;
```

### Implementation: FiP32\_Float64

---

**Name** FiP32\_Float64  
**ID** 197  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Int2Real\_FiP32\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Int2Real\_FiP32\_Float64.h

32 Bit Fixed Point to 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

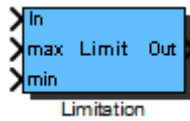
```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     scale;
} INT2REAL_FIP32_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: Limitation

---



Inputs	
In	Input signal
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

Outputs	
Out	Limited input signal

### Description:

Limits the input signal to min and max\_sci.

Caution: For correct computation the upper limit max has to be greater than the lower limit min!

Calculation:

$$Out = \begin{cases} max & In > max \\ In & \\ min & In < min \end{cases}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	384
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Limitation_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Limitation_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *In;
    int8        *max;
    int8        *min;
    int8        Out;
} LIMITATION_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	385
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Limitation_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Limitation_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       *max;
    int16       *min;
    int16       Out;
} LIMITATION_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	386
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Limitation_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Limitation_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       *max;
    int32       *min;
    int32       Out;
} LIMITATION_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	387
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Limitation_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Limitation_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     *max;  
    float32     *min;  
    float32     Out;  
} LIMITATION_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

---

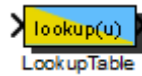
<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	388
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Limitation_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Limitation_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     *max;  
    float64     *min;  
    float64     Out;  
} LIMITATION_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: LookupTable



Inports	
In	Table index

Outports	
Out	Table output

Mask Parameters	
Lookup	Look-up Table

### Description:

Look-up Table with 256+1 values.

Note: 257th value is used for preventing index overflow during interpolation.

-> for periodic signals the 257th value should be set equal to 1st value

-> for non-periodic signals the 257th value should be set equal to 256th value

### Implementations:

- FiP8** 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16** 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32** 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	160
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	LookupTable_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	LookupTable_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Table	Lookup table content

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In;
```

```

    int8      Out;
    const int8 *Table;
} LOOKUPTABLE_FIP8;

```

## Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                161  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**       LookupTable\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**       LookupTable\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Table	Lookup table content

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
    const int16 *Table;
} LOOKUPTABLE_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                162  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**       LookupTable\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**       LookupTable\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Table	Lookup table content

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
    const int32 *Table;
} LOOKUPTABLE_FIP32;

```

## Block: LoopBreaker

---



Inports	
In	Input In(k)

Outputs	
Out	Output Out(k)=ln(k-1)

### Description:

Block to break algebraic loops.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	481
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	LoopBreaker_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	LoopBreaker_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16     *In;  
    int16     Out;  
} LOOPBREAKER_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---



<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	482
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	LoopBreaker_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	LoopBreaker_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
} LOOPBREAKER_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	483
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	LoopBreaker_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	LoopBreaker_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
} LOOPBREAKER_FLOAT32;
```

### Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	484
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	LoopBreaker_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	LoopBreaker_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
} LOOPBREAKER_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: ManualSwitch

---



Inports	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2

Outports	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle

### Description:

Toggling between inputs by double-clicking on block.

Doubleclicking of the *ManualSwitch* block changes the routing of the input signals and doesn't open the *Function Block Parameters* dialog. So if changing the implementation is required, one has to open the dialog via *Mask Parameters* command of the context menu.

**Developer note:** To get the double-click feature the callback function of *OpenFcn* in *Block Properties* is manually altered to

```
if get_param(gcb, 'Toggle') == '0'
    set_param(gcb, 'Toggle', '1');
else
    set_param(gcb, 'Toggle', '0');
end
setBlockData(gcs, gcb);
initSFunction(gcb);
```

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

**Name** FiP8  
**ID** 144  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP8.c  
**H filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle info

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int8 *In1;
    int8 *In2;
    int8 Out;
    int8 Toggle;
} MANUALSWITCH_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 145  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle info

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int16 *In1;
    int16 *In2;
    int16 Out;
    int8 Toggle;
} MANUALSWITCH_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 146  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** ManualSwitch\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle info

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In1;
    int32       *In2;
    int32       Out;
    int8        Toggle;
} MANUALSWITCH_FIP32;
```

#### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 147  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** ManualSwitch\_Float32.c  
**H filename** ManualSwitch\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle info

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
    int8        Toggle;
} MANUALSWITCH_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 148  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** ManualSwitch\_Float64.c  
**H filename** ManualSwitch\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
Toggle	Toggle info

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In1;  
    float64     *In2;  
    float64     Out;  
    int8        Toggle;  
} MANUALSWITCH_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Maximum

---



Inports	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2

Outputs	
Out	Maximum of Input #1 and Input #2

### Description:

Outputs the greater value of the two input signals.

Calculation:

$$Out = \max(In_1, In_2)$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	368
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Maximum_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Maximum_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In1;  
    int8      *In2;  
    int8      Out;  
} MAXIMUM_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	369
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Maximum_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Maximum_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In1;  
    int16       *In2;  
    int16       Out;  
} MAXIMUM_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	370
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Maximum_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Maximum_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In1;  
    int32       *In2;  
    int32       Out;  
} MAXIMUM_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	371
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Maximum_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Maximum_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
} MAXIMUM_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	372
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Maximum_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Maximum_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     Out;
} MAXIMUM_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: Minimum

---



Inports	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2

Outputs	
Out	Minimum of Input #1 and Input #2

### Description:

Outputs the lesser value of the two input signals.

Calculation:

$$Out = \min(In_1, In_2)$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	352
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Minimum_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Minimum_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In1;  
    int8 *In2;  
    int8 Out;  
} MINIMUM_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	353
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Minimum_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Minimum_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In1;  
    int16       *In2;  
    int16       Out;  
} MINIMUM_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	354
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Minimum_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Minimum_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In1;  
    int32       *In2;  
    int32       Out;  
} MINIMUM_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	355
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Minimum_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Minimum_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
} MINIMUM_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

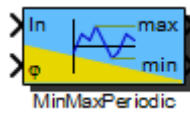
<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	356
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Minimum_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Minimum_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     Out;
} MINIMUM_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: MinMaxPeriodic



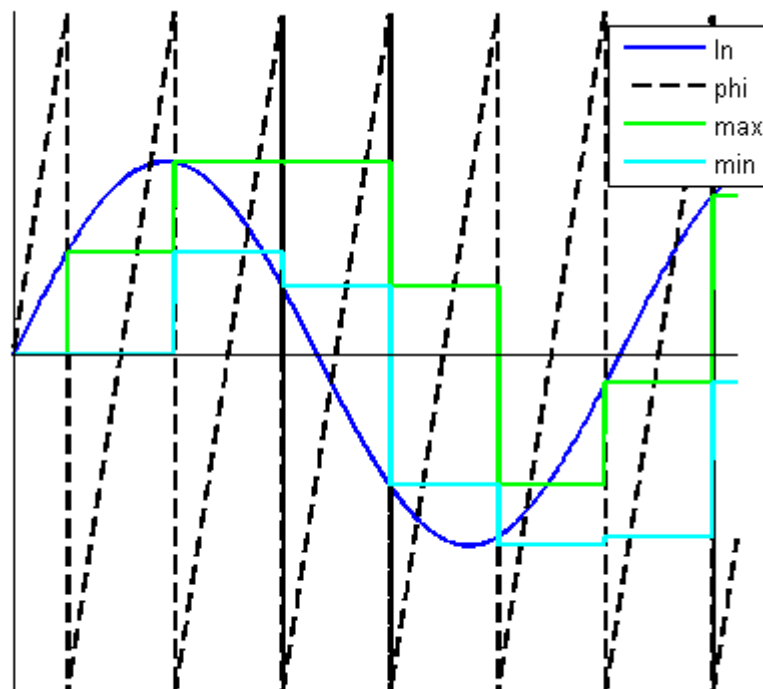
Inports	
In	Input signal
phi	Angle signal

Outputs	
max	Maximum of input signal
min	Minimum of input signal

### Description:

Outputs the minimum and maximum of the input signal over one period of the (angle) signal phi.

Exemplary signal waveforms:



## Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	464
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	MinMaxPeriodic_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	MinMaxPeriodic_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
min_act	Current minimum
max_act	Current maximum
phi_old	Angle signal from previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int8        *phi;  
    int8        max;  
    int8        min;  
    int8        min_act;  
    int8        max_act;  
    int8        phi_old;  
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	465
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	MinMaxPeriodic_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	MinMaxPeriodic_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
min_act	Current minimum
max_act	Current maximum
phi_old	Angle signal from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       *phi;
    int16       max;
    int16       min;
    int16       min_act;
    int16       max_act;
    int16       phi_old;
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                466  
**Revision**        0.1  
**C filename**      MinMaxPeriodic\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**      MinMaxPeriodic\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
min_act	Current minimum
max_act	Current maximum
phi_old	Angle signal from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       *phi;
    int32       max;
    int32       min;
    int32       min_act;
    int32       max_act;
    int32       phi_old;
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FIP32;
```

#### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 467  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** MinMaxPeriodic\_Float32.c  
**H filename** MinMaxPeriodic\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
min_act	Current minimum
max_act	Current maximum
phi_old	Angle signal from previous cycle

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *phi;
    float32     max;
    float32     min;
    float32     min_act;
    float32     max_act;
    float32     phi_old;
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FLOAT32;
  
```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 468  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** MinMaxPeriodic\_Float64.c  
**H filename** MinMaxPeriodic\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
min_act	Current minimum
max_act	Current maximum
phi_old	Angle signal from previous cycle

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *phi;
    float64     max;
    float64     min;
    float64     min_act;
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FLOAT64;
  
```

```
float64      max_act;  
float64      phi_old;  
} MINMAXPERIODIC_FLOAT64;
```

---



## Block: Not

---



Inports	
In	

Outports	
Out	

### Description:

Logical inverter block.

### Implementations:

- FiP8** 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16** 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32** 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	224
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Not_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Not_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In;  
    int8 Out;  
} NOT_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	225
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Not_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Not_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16     *In;  
    int16     Out;  
} NOT_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	226
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Not_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Not_FiP32.h

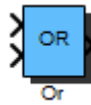
## 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int32     *In;  
    int32     Out;  
} NOT_FIP32;
```

## Block: Or

---



Inports	
In1	
In2	

Outports	
Out	

### Description:

Logical OR block.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	256
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Or_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Or_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In1;  
    int8        *In2;  
    int8        Out;  
} OR_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	257
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Or_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Or_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16     *In1;  
    int16     *In2;  
    int16     Out;  
} OR_FIP16;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP32**

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	258
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Or_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Or_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int32     *In1;  
    int32     *In2;  
    int32     Out;  
} OR_FIP32;
```

# Block: Output

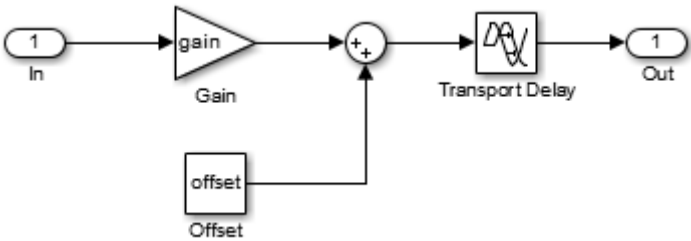


Outputs	
OUT	Signal to frame program

Mask Parameters	
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)
Gain	Gain value used in simulation
Offset	Offset value used in simulation
Delay	Time delay of signal used in simulation

## Description:

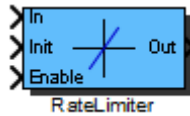
Serves as interface to the frame program. The output of this block is intended for simulation purposes and can be left unconnected if not used. Also the parameters *Gain*, *Offset*, and *Delay* are only used during simulation. The schematic for simulation can be seen in the figure below.



## Data Types:

<b>int8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point
<b>int16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point
<b>int32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point
<b>float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point
<b>float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point

## Block: RateLimiter



Inputs	
In	
Init	Value which is loaded at rising flanke of enable signal
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out is set to In. Enable != 0: Activation of block; Out is rate limited. Enable 0->1: Preloading of output; Out is set to value of Init input

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Tr	Rising time in seconds. Slew rate will be $1/Tr$
Tf	Falling time in seconds. Slew rate will be $1/Tf$
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Limitation of rising and falling rate.

Function of Enable:

0: rate limiting disabled, signal is passed through

1: rate limiting enabled, signal is rate limited

0->1: preload of output with value from init input

Rising and falling time refer to a step from 0 to 1. Entries for *Tr*: *Rising time* and *Tf*: *Falling time* smaller than the actual sample time will be limited to the sample time internally.

The 16- and 32-Bit fixed point implementations are based on an internal 32-Bit wide slew-rate variable while the 8-Bit fixed point implementation uses a 16-Bit wide slew-rate variable.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	96
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	RateLimiter_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	RateLimiter_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
out_old	Output value from last cycle in int16 format
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
    int8      *Init;  
    int8      *Enable;  
    int8      Out;  
    int16     RateUp;  
    int16     RateDown;  
    int16     out_old;  
    int8      enable_old;  
} RATELIMITER_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	97
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	RateLimiter_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	RateLimiter_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
out_old	Output value from last cycle in int32 format
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
```

```

uint16 ID;
int16 *In;
int16 *Init;
int8 *Enable;
int16 Out;
int32 RateUp;
int32 RateDown;
int32 out_old;
int8 enable_old;
} RATELIMITER_FIP16;

```

## Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 98  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** RateLimiter\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** RateLimiter\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
uint16 ID;
int32 *In;
int32 *Init;
int8 *Enable;
int32 Out;
int32 RateUp;
int32 RateDown;
int8 enable_old;
} RATELIMITER_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 99  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** RateLimiter\_Float32.c  
**H filename** RateLimiter\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation



Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float32     Out;
    float32     RateUp;
    float32     RateDown;
    int8        enable_old;
} RATELIMITER_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	100
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	RateLimiter_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	RateLimiter_Float64.h

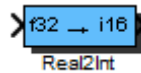
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float64     Out;
    float64     RateUp;
    float64     RateDown;
    int8        enable_old;
} RATELIMITER_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Real2Int



Inports	
In	Real input
Outputs	
Out	Integer output
Mask Parameters	
Scale	Scaling factor from real to integer

### Description:

Conversion block from real (floating point) datatypes to integer (fixed point) datatypes.  
 $\text{Out} = \text{In} / \text{Scale}$

### Implementations:

<b>Float32_FiP8</b>	32 Floating Point to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32_FiP16</b>	32 Floating Point to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32_FiP32</b>	32 Floating Point to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float64_FiP8</b>	64 Floating Point to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float64_FiP16</b>	64 Floating Point to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float64_FiP32</b>	64 Floating Point to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: Float32\_FiP8

<b>Name</b>	Float32_FiP8
<b>ID</b>	208
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Real2Int_Float32_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Real2Int_Float32_FiP8.h

32 Floating Point to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;
```

```

float32      *In ;
int8         Out ;
float32      scale ;
} REAL2INT_FLOAT32_FIP8;

```

### Implementation: Float32\_FiP16

**Name** Float32\_FiP16  
**ID** 209  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Real2Int\_Float32\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Real2Int\_Float32\_FiP16.h

32 Floating Point to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID ;
    float32      *In ;
    int16        Out ;
    float32      scale ;
} REAL2INT_FLOAT32_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: Float32\_FiP32

**Name** Float32\_FiP32  
**ID** 210  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Real2Int\_Float32\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** Real2Int\_Float32\_FiP32.h

32 Floating Point to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID ;
    float32      *In ;
    int32        Out ;
    float32      scale ;
} REAL2INT_FLOAT32_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float64\_FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64_FiP8
<b>ID</b>	211
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP8.h

64 Floating Point to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    int8        Out;  
    float64     scale;  
} REAL2INT_FLOAT64_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: Float64\_FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64_FiP16
<b>ID</b>	212
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP16.h

64 Floating Point to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    int16       Out;  
    float64     scale;  
} REAL2INT_FLOAT64_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: Float64\_FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64_FiP32
<b>ID</b>	213
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Real2Int_Float64_FiP32.h

64 Floating Point to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
scale	Scaling factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    int32       Out;
    float64     scale;
} REAL2INT_FLOAT64_FIP32;
```

## Block: Saturation

---



Inports	
In	Input
Outputs	
Out	Limited output
Mask Parameters	
max	Upper Limit
min	Lower Limit

### Description:

Saturation of output to adjustable upper and lower limit.

If the entry for *Upper Limit* is lower than the entry for *Lower Limit* then the limits will be swapped internally.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	80
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Saturation_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Saturation_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *In;
    int8        Out;
    int8        max;
    int8        min;
} SATURATION_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 81  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Saturation\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Saturation\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
    int16       max;
    int16       min;
} SATURATION_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 82  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Saturation\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** Saturation\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
    int32       max;
    int32       min;
} SATURATION_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 83  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Saturation\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Saturation\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     max;
    float32     min;
} SATURATION_FLOAT32;
```

### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 84  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Saturation\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Saturation\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
max	Upper limit
min	Lower limit

#### Data Structure:



```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
    float64     max;  
    float64     min;  
} SATURATION_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: SaveSignal

---



Inports	
In	Input signal to be saved

### Description:

Makes the incoming signal accessible for reading with parameter numbers.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	320
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
} SAVESIGNAL_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	321
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
} SAVESIGNAL_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	322
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	SaveSignal_FiP32.h

## 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
} SAVESIGNAL_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	323
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	SaveSignal_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	SaveSignal_Float32.h

## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
} SAVESIGNAL_FLOAT32;
```

### Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	324
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	SaveSignal_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	SaveSignal_Float64.h

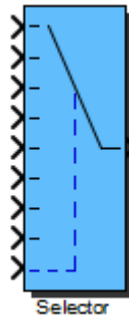
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
} SAVESIGNAL_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Selector

---



Inports	
In0	Input #0
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2
In3	Input #3
In4	Input #4
In5	Input #5
In6	Input #6
In7	Input #7
Select	Input select

Outputs	
Out	Selected input signal

### Description:

Passing through of input signal selected by the select inport:

Select = 0 (DSP): Out = In0

Select = 1 (DSP): Out = In1

...

Select = 7 (DSP): Out = In7

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	400
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Selector_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Selector_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In0;
    int8      *In1;
    int8      *In2;
    int8      *In3;
    int8      *In4;
    int8      *In5;
    int8      *In6;
    int8      *In7;
    int8      *Select;
    int8      Out;
} SELECTOR_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	401
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Selector_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Selector_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16     *In0;
    int16     *In1;
    int16     *In2;
    int16     *In3;
    int16     *In4;
    int16     *In5;
    int16     *In6;
    int16     *In7;
    int8      *Select;
    int16     Out;
} SELECTOR_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	402
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Selector_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Selector_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *In0;
    int32     *In1;
    int32     *In2;
    int32     *In3;
    int32     *In4;
    int32     *In5;
    int32     *In6;
    int32     *In7;
    int8      *Select;
    int32     Out;
} SELECTOR_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	403
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Selector_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Selector_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    float32   *In0;
    float32   *In1;
    float32   *In2;
    float32   *In3;
    float32   *In4;
    float32   *In5;
    float32   *In6;
    float32   *In7;
    int8      *Select;
    float32   Out;
} SELECTOR_FLOAT32;
```

### Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	404
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Selector_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Selector_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

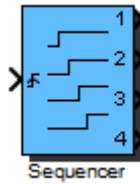
**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In0;  
    float64     *In1;  
    float64     *In2;  
    float64     *In3;  
    float64     *In4;  
    float64     *In5;  
    float64     *In6;  
    float64     *In7;  
    int8        *Select;  
    float64     Out;  
} SELECTOR_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: Sequencer

---



Inports	
Start	Start signal. Rising flank triggers sequence

Outputs	
Out1	Output #1
Out2	Output #2
Out3	Output #3
Out4	Output #4

Mask Parameters	
Delay1	Time delay for output 1
Delay2	Time delay for output 2
Delay3	Time delay for output 3
Delay4	Time delay for output 4
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Generation of time delayed (enable) sequence.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

**Name** FiP8  
**ID** 448  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Sequencer\_FiP8.c  
**H filename** Sequencer\_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delay1	Time delay for output 1
delay2	Time delay for output 2
delay3	Time delay for output 3
delay4	Time delay for output 4
cnt	Timer value
start_old	Start value from previous cycle

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *Start;
    int8        Out1;
    int8        Out2;
    int8        Out3;
    int8        Out4;
    uint16      delay1;
    uint16      delay2;
    uint16      delay3;
    uint16      delay4;
    uint16      cnt;
    int8        start_old;
} SEQUENCER_FIP8;
  
```

**Implementation: FiP16**

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 449  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** Sequencer\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Sequencer\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delay1	Time delay for output 1
delay2	Time delay for output 2
delay3	Time delay for output 3
delay4	Time delay for output 4
cnt	Timer value
start_old	Start value from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *Start;
    int16       Out1;
    int16       Out2;
    int16       Out3;
    int16       Out4;
    uint16      delay1;
    uint16      delay2;
    uint16      delay3;
    uint16      delay4;
    uint16      cnt;
    int16       start_old;
} SEQUENCER_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	450
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Sequencer_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sequencer_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delay1	Time delay for output 1
delay2	Time delay for output 2
delay3	Time delay for output 3
delay4	Time delay for output 4
cnt	Timer value
start_old	Start value from previous cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *Start;
```

```

    int32      Out1;
    int32      Out2;
    int32      Out3;
    int32      Out4;
    uint16     delay1;
    uint16     delay2;
    uint16     delay3;
    uint16     delay4;
    uint16     cnt;
    int32      start_old;
} SEQUENCER_FIP32;

```

## Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 451  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Sequencer\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Sequencer\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delay1	Time delay for output 1
delay2	Time delay for output 2
delay3	Time delay for output 3
delay4	Time delay for output 4
cnt	Timer value
start_old	Start value from previous cycle

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16     ID;
    float32    *Start;
    float32    Out1;
    float32    Out2;
    float32    Out3;
    float32    Out4;
    uint16     delay1;
    uint16     delay2;
    uint16     delay3;
    uint16     delay4;
    uint16     cnt;
    float32    start_old;
} SEQUENCER_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 452  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Sequencer\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Sequencer\_Float64.h

#### 64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delay1	Time delay for output 1
delay2	Time delay for output 2
delay3	Time delay for output 3
delay4	Time delay for output 4
cnt	Timer value
start_old	Start value from previous cycle

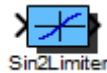
#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *Start;
    float64     Out1;
    float64     Out2;
    float64     Out3;
    float64     Out4;
    uint16      delay1;
    uint16      delay2;
    uint16      delay3;
    uint16      delay4;
    uint16      cnt;
    float64     start_old;
} SEQUENCER_FLOAT64;
  
```

## Block: Sin2Limiter

---



Inports	
In	
Outputs	
Out	
Mask Parameters	
Tr	Rising time in seconds. Slew rate will be 1/Tr
Tf	Falling time in seconds. Slew rate will be 1/Tf
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Limitation of rising and falling rate with  $\sin^2$  characteristic.

Note: A running limitation process can not be interrupted!

Rising and falling time refer to a step from 0 to 1. Entries for *Tr: Rising time* and *Tf: Falling time* smaller than the actual sample time will be limited to the sample time internally.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	112
<b>Revision</b>	0.2
<b>C filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
Scaled_RateUp	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Scaled_RateDown	To step height scaled falling time parameter
Out_end	Desired target value
Level	Current level of internal ramp from 1 to 0
Step_Height	Active step height
State	Current state of limitation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *In;
    int8      Out;
    int16     RateUp;
    int16     RateDown;
    int16     Scaled_RateUp;
    int16     Scaled_RateDown;
    int8      Out_end;
    uint16    Level;
    int16     Step_Height;
    int8      State;
} SIN2LIMITER_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                113  
**Revision**        0.2  
**C filename**      Sin2Limiter\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**      Sin2Limiter\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
Scaled_RateUp	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Scaled_RateDown	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Out_end	Desired target value
Level	Current level of internal ramp from 1 to 0
Step_Height	Active step height
State	Current state of limitation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
    int32       RateUp;
    int32       RateDown;
    int32       Scaled_RateUp;
    int32       Scaled_RateDown;
    int16       Out_end;
    uint32      Level;
    int32       Step_Height;
    int8        State;
} SIN2LIMITER_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	114
<b>Revision</b>	0.2
<b>C filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
Scaled_RateUp	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Scaled_RateDown	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Out_end	Desired target value
Level	Current level of internal ramp from 1 to 0
Step_Height	Active step height
State	Current state of limitation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
    int32       RateUp;
    int32       RateDown;
    int32       Scaled_RateUp;
    int32       Scaled_RateDown;
    int32       Out_end;
    uint32      Level;
    int32       Step_Height;
    int8        State;
} SIN2LIMITER_FIP32;
```



## Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	115
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
Scaled_RateUp	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Scaled_RateDown	To step height scaled falling time parameter
Out_end	Desired target value
Level	Current level of internal ramp from $\pi/2$ to 0
Step_Height	Active step height
State	Current state of limitation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     Out;  
    float32     RateUp;  
    float32     RateDown;  
    float32     Scaled_RateUp;  
    float32     Scaled_RateDown;  
    float32     Out_end;  
    float32     Level;  
    float32     Step_Height;  
    int8        State;  
} SIN2LIMITER_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	116
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin2Limiter_Float64.h

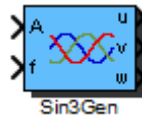
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
Scaled_RateUp	To step height scaled rising time parameter
Scaled_RateDown	To step height scaled falling time parameter
Out_end	Desired target value
Level	Current level of internal ramp from $\pi/2$ to 0
Step_Height	Active step height
State	Current state of limitation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     RateUp;
    float64     RateDown;
    float64     Scaled_RateUp;
    float64     Scaled_RateDown;
    float64     Out_end;
    float64     Level;
    float64     Step_Height;
    int8        State;
} SIN2LIMITER_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Sin3Gen



Inports	
A	Amplitude
f	Frequency

Outputs	
u	Sine wave output phase u
v	Sine wave output phase v
w	Sine wave output phase w

Mask Parameters	
fmax	Maximum Frequency in Hz
Offset	Offset
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Generation of a 3 sine waves with amplitude (A) and frequency (f).

Calculation fixed point implementation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_k &= A_k \cdot \sin(2f_k \cdot f_{max} \cdot kT_S) + A_{Offset} \\
 v_k &= A_k \cdot \sin\left(2f_k \cdot f_{max} \cdot kT_S - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + A_{Offset} \\
 w_k &= A_k \cdot \sin\left(2f_k \cdot f_{max} \cdot kT_S + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + A_{Offset}
 \end{aligned}$$

For sine calculation a lookup table with 256 entries is used. This results in a short computation time but with the downside of reduced accuracy for the FiP32 implementation.

Calculation floating point implementation (parameter  $f_{max}$  is ignored):

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_k &= A_k \cdot \sin(2\pi f_k \cdot kT_S) + A_{Offset} \\
 v_k &= A_k \cdot \sin\left(2\pi f_k \cdot kT_S - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + A_{Offset} \\
 w_k &= A_k \cdot \sin\left(2\pi f_k \cdot kT_S + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + A_{Offset}
 \end{aligned}$$

## Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	432
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Sin3Gen_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin3Gen_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

## Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *A;  
    int8      *f;  
    int8      u;  
    int8      v;  
    int8      w;  
    int8      delta_phi;  
    int8      offset;  
    int8      phi;  
} SIN3GEN_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	433
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Sin3Gen_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin3Gen_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *A;
    int16       *f;
    int16       u;
    int16       v;
    int16       w;
    int16       delta_phi;
    int16       offset;
    int16       phi;
} SIN3GEN_FIP16;
```

#### Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                434  
**Revision**        1.0  
**C filename**      Sin3Gen\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**      Sin3Gen\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *A;
    int32       *f;
    int32       u;
    int32       v;
    int32       w;
    int32       delta_phi;
    int32       offset;
    int32       phi;
} SIN3GEN_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	435
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin3Gen_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin3Gen_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *A;  
    float32     *f;  
    float32     u;  
    float32     v;  
    float32     w;  
    float32     delta_phi;  
    float32     offset;  
    float32     phi;  
} SIN3GEN_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	436
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin3Gen_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin3Gen_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

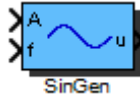
### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *A;  
    float64     *f;
```

```
    float64    u;  
    float64    v;  
    float64    w;  
    float64    delta_phi;  
    float64    offset;  
    float64    phi;  
} SIN3GEN_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: SinGen

---



Inports	
A	Amplitude
f	Frequency

Outputs	
u	Sine wave output

Mask Parameters	
fmax	Maximum Frequency in Hz
Offset	Offset
Phase	Phase [-Pi..Pi]
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Generation of a sine wave with amplitude (A) and frequency (f).

Calculation fixed point implementation:

$$u_k = A_k \cdot \sin(2f_k \cdot f_{max} \cdot kT_S + \phi_{Phase}) + A_{Offset}$$

For sine calculation a lookup table with 256 entries is used. This results in a short computation time but with the downside of reduced accuracy for the FiP32 implementation.

Calculation floating point implementation (parameter  $f_{max}$  is ignored):

$$u_k = A_k \cdot \sin(2\pi f_k \cdot kT_S + \phi_{Phase}) + A_{Offset}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---



**Name** FiP8  
**ID** 416  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** SinGen\_FiP8.c  
**H filename** SinGen\_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
phase	Angle offset
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *A;
    int8      *f;
    int8      u;
    int8      delta_phi;
    int8      phase;
    int8      offset;
    int8      phi;
} SINGEN_FIP8;
  
```

## Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 417  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** SinGen\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** SinGen\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
phase	Angle offset
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

**Data Structure:**

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int16     *A;
    int16     *f;
  
```

```

    int16    u;
    int16    delta_phi;
    int16    phase;
    int16    offset;
    int16    phi;
} SINGEN_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 418  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** SinGen\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** SinGen\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
phase	Angle offset
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int32     *A;
    int32     *f;
    int32     u;
    int32     delta_phi;
    int32     phase;
    int32     offset;
    int32     phi;
} SINGEN_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 419  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** SinGen\_Float32.c  
**H filename** SinGen\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
phase	Angle offset
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *A;
    float32     *f;
    float32     u;
    float32     delta_phi;
    float32     phase;
    float32     offset;
    float32     phi;
} SINGEN_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 420  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** SinGen\_Float64.c  
**H filename** SinGen\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

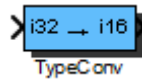
Controller Parameters	
delta_phi	Angle increment
phase	Angle offset
offset	Amplitude offset
phi	Current angle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *A;
    float64     *f;
    float64     u;
    float64     delta_phi;
    float64     phase;
    float64     offset;
    float64     phi;
} SINGEN_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: TypeConv

---



Inports	
In	

Outputs	
Out	

### Description:

Data Type Conversion

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8_16</b>	8 to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP8_32</b>	8 to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16_8</b>	16 to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16_32</b>	16 to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32_8</b>	32 to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32_16</b>	32 to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8\_16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8_16
<b>ID</b>	176
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP8_16.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP8_16.h

8 to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP8_16;
```

### Implementation: FiP8\_32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8_32
<b>ID</b>	177
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP8_32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP8_32.h

8 to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP8_32;
```

### Implementation: FiP16\_8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16_8
<b>ID</b>	178
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP16_8.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP16_8.h

16 to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int8       Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP16_8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16\_32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16_32
<b>ID</b>	179
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP16_32.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP16_32.h

16 to 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;
```

```
    int32      Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP16_32;
```

---

### Implementation: FiP32\_8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32_8
<b>ID</b>	180
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP32_8.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP32_8.h

32 to 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32      *In;  
    int8      Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP32_8;
```

---

### Implementation: FiP32\_16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32_16
<b>ID</b>	181
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP32_16.c
<b>H filename</b>	TypeConv_FiP32_16.h

32 to 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32      *In;  
    int16      Out;  
} TYPECONV_FIP32_16;
```

## Block: uConstant

---



Outputs	
Out	Constant output

Mask Parameters	
Value	Constant factor

### Description:

Constant value.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	64
<b>Revision</b>	0.2
<b>C filename</b>	uConstant_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uConstant_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 Out;  
    int8 K;  
} UCONSTANT_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 65  
**Revision** 0.2  
**C filename** uConstant\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** uConstant\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       Out;  
    int16       K;  
} UCONSTANT_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 66  
**Revision** 0.2  
**C filename** uConstant\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** uConstant\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       Out;  
    int32       K;  
} UCONSTANT_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---



**Name** Float32  
**ID** 67  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** uConstant\_Float32.c  
**H filename** uConstant\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     Out;
    float32     K;
} UCONSTANT_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 68  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** uConstant\_Float64.c  
**H filename** uConstant\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
K	Constant factor

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     Out;
    float64     K;
} UCONSTANT_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: uGain



Inports	
In	Input

Outputs	
Out	Amplified input

Mask Parameters	
Gain	Gain factor in floating point format

### Description:

Amplification of input by gain factor with output wrapping.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	32
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	uGain_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uGain_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor for gain value

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
}
```

```

    int8      Out;
    int8      V;
    int8      sfr;
} UGAIN_FIP8;

```

### Implementation: FiP16

**Name**            FiP16  
**ID**                33  
**Revision**        1.0  
**C filename**      uGain\_FiP16.c  
**H filename**      uGain\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor for gain value

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
    int16       V;
    int8        sfr;
} UGAIN_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name**            FiP32  
**ID**                34  
**Revision**        1.0  
**C filename**      uGain\_FiP32.c  
**H filename**      uGain\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor
sfr	Shift factor for gain value

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;

```

```

    int32      Out;
    int32      V;
    int8       sfr;
} UGAIN_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 35  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** uGain\_Float32.c  
**H filename** uGain\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     Out;
    float32     V;
} UGAIN_FLOAT32;

```

### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 36  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** uGain\_Float64.c  
**H filename** uGain\_Float64.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
V	Gain factor

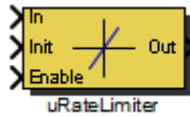
#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    float64     V;
} UGAIN_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: uRateLimiter



Inputs	
In	
Init	Value which is loaded at rising flanke of enable signal
Enable	Enable == 0: Deactivation of block; Out is set to In. Enable != 0: Activation of block; Out is rate limited. Enable 0->1: Preloading of output; Out is set to value of Init input

Outputs	
Out	

Mask Parameters	
Tr	Rising time in seconds. Slew rate will be 1/Tr
Tf	Falling time in seconds. Slew rate will be 1/Tf
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Limitation of rising and falling rate.

Function of Enable:

0: rate limiting disabled, signal is passed through

1: rate limiting enabled, signal is rate limited

0->1: preload of output with value from init input

Rising and falling time refer to a step from 0 to 1. Entries for *Tr*: *Rising time* and *Tf*: *Falling time* smaller than the actual sample time will be limited to the sample time internally.

The 16- and 32-Bit fixed point implementations are based on an internal 32-Bit wide slew-rate variable while the 8-Bit fixed point implementation uses a 16-Bit wide slew-rate variable.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

## Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	288
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	uRateLimiter_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uRateLimiter_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
out_old	Output value from last cycle in int16 format
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
    int8      *Init;  
    int8      *Enable;  
    int8      Out;  
    int16     RateUp;  
    int16     RateDown;  
    int16     out_old;  
    int8      enable_old;  
} URATELIMITER_FIP8;
```

## Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	289
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	uRateLimiter_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	uRateLimiter_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
out_old	Output value from last cycle in int32 format
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
```

```

uint16      ID;
int16       *In;
int16       *Init;
int8        *Enable;
int16       Out;
int32       RateUp;
int32       RateDown;
int32       out_old;
int8        enable_old;
} URATELIMITER_FIP16;

```

### Implementation: FiP32

**Name** FiP32  
**ID** 290  
**Revision** 1.0  
**C filename** uRateLimiter\_FiP32.c  
**H filename** uRateLimiter\_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
uint16      ID;
int32       *In;
int32       *Init;
int8        *Enable;
int32       Out;
int32       RateUp;
int32       RateDown;
int8        enable_old;
} URATELIMITER_FIP32;

```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 291  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** uRateLimiter\_Float32.c  
**H filename** uRateLimiter\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In;
    float32     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float32     Out;
    float32     RateUp;
    float32     RateDown;
    int8        enable_old;
} URATELIMITER_FLOAT32;
```

#### Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	292
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uRateLimiter_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	uRateLimiter_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
RateUp	Rising time parameter
RateDown	Falling time parameter
enable_old	Enable value from last cycle

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     *Init;
    int8        *Enable;
    float64     Out;
    float64     RateUp;
    float64     RateDown;
    int8        enable_old;
} URATELIMITER_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: uSaveSignal

---



Inports	
In	Input signal to be saved

### Description:

Makes the incoming signal accessible for reading with parameter numbers.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	336
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    uint8       *In;  
} USAVESIGNAL_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	337
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP16.h

## 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    uint16      *In;  
} USAVESIGNAL_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	338
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSaveSignal_FiP32.h

## 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    uint32      *In;  
} USAVESIGNAL_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	339
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSaveSignal_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSaveSignal_Float32.h

## 32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32      *In;  
} USAVESIGNAL_FLOAT32;
```

### Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	340
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSaveSignal_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSaveSignal_Float64.h

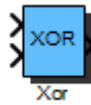
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
} USAVESIGNAL_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Xor

---



Inports	
In1	
In2	

Outports	
Out	

### Description:

Logical XOR block.

### Implementations:

- FiP8** 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16** 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32** 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	272
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Xor_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Xor_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In1;  
    int8 *In2;  
    int8 Out;  
} XOR_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	273
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Xor_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Xor_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16     *In1;  
    int16     *In2;  
    int16     Out;  
} XOR_FIP16;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP32**

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	274
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Xor_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Xor_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int32     *In1;  
    int32     *In2;  
    int32     Out;  
} XOR_FIP32;
```

## 19 Math

### Block: Abs

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Absolute value of u

#### Description:

Calculation of absolute value of input.

Calculation:

$$Out = |In|$$

#### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4912
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Abs_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Abs_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In;  
    int8 Out;  
} ABS_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4913
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Abs_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Abs_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} ABS_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4914
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Abs_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Abs_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} ABS_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4915
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Abs_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Abs_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;
```

```
    float32    Out;  
} ABS_FLOAT32;
```

---

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4916
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Abs_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Abs_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

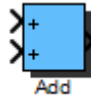
```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    float64    *In;  
    float64    Out;  
} ABS_FLOAT64;
```

---



## Block: Add

---



Inports	
In1	Addend 1
In2	Addend 2

Outputs	
Out	Sum

### Description:

Addition of input 1 and input 2.

Calculation:

$$Out = In_1 + In_2$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4960
<b>Revision</b>	0.3
<b>C filename</b>	Add_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Add_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In1;  
    int8      *In2;  
    int8      Out;  
} ADD_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4961
<b>Revision</b>	0.3
<b>C filename</b>	Add_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Add_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In1;  
    int16       *In2;  
    int16       Out;  
} ADD_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4962
<b>Revision</b>	0.3
<b>C filename</b>	Add_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Add_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In1;  
    int32       *In2;  
    int32       Out;  
} ADD_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4963
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Add_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Add_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
} ADD_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4964
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Add_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Add_Float64.h

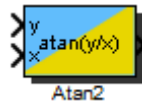
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     Out;
} ADD_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Atan2

---



Inports	
y	
x	

Outports	
Out	Result of atan2(y/x)

### Description:

Computation of the angle between the inputs x and y.

Calculation:

$$Out = \begin{cases} \arctan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) & x > 0 \\ \arctan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \pi & x < 0, y \geq 0 \\ \arctan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) - \pi & x < 0, y < 0 \\ +\frac{\pi}{2} & x = 0, y > 0 \\ -\frac{\pi}{2} & x = 0, y < 0 \\ 0 & x = 0, y = 0 \end{cases}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4880
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Atan2_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Atan2_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *y;
    int8        *x;
    int8        Out;
} ATAN2_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4881
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Atan2_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Atan2_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *y;
    int16       *x;
    int16       Out;
} ATAN2_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4882
<b>Revision</b>	1.0
<b>C filename</b>	Atan2_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Atan2_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *y;
    int32       *x;
    int32       Out;
} ATAN2_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4883
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Atan2_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Atan2_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *y;  
    float32     *x;  
    float32     Out;  
} ATAN2_FLOAT32;
```

---

**Implementation: Float64**

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4884
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Atan2_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Atan2_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *y;  
    float64     *x;  
    float64     Out;  
} ATAN2_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Average

---



Inports	
In	Input value

Outputs	
Out	Averaged value

Mask Parameters	
n	Number of points to be averaged over
ts_fact	Multiplication factor of base sampling time (in integer format)

### Description:

Calculation of moving average value over n numbers.

Calculation:

$$Out_k = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=k-n}^k In_i$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	5024
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>C filename</b>	Average_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Average_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
n	Average window size
sfrn	Shift factor for computation of average value $sfrn = \text{ld}(n)$
sum	Temporary sum
count	Index counter
avg	Array with data values

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int8 *In;
    int8 Out;
    uint16 n;
    uint8 sfrn;
    int16 sum;
    uint16 count;
    int8 *avg;
} AVERAGE_FIP8;
```

#### Implementation: FiP16

**Name** FiP16  
**ID** 5025  
**Revision** 1  
**C filename** Average\_FiP16.c  
**H filename** Average\_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
n	Average window size
sfrn	Shift factor for computation of average value $sfrn = \text{ld}(n)$
sum	Temporary sum
count	Index counter
avg	Array with data values

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16 ID;
    int16 *In;
    int16 Out;
    uint16 n;
    uint8 sfrn;
    int32 sum;
    uint16 count;
    int16 *avg;
} AVERAGE_FIP16;
```



## Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	5026
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>C filename</b>	Average_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Average_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
n	Average window size
sfrn	Shift factor for computation of average value $sfrn = \text{ld}(n)$
sum	Temporary sum
count	Index counter
avg	Array with data values

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
    uint16      n;  
    uint8       sfrn;  
    int64       sum;  
    uint16      count;  
    int32       *avg;  
} AVERAGE_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	5027
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Average_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Average_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
n	Average window size
sum	Temporary sum
count	Index counter
avg	Array with data values

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
```

```

uint16      ID;
float32     *In;
float32     Out;
uint16      n;
float32     sum;
uint16      count;
float32     *avg;
} AVERAGE_FLOAT32;

```

## Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 5028  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Average\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Average\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
n	Average window size
sum	Temporary sum
count	Index counter
avg	Array with data values

## Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In;
    float64     Out;
    uint16      n;
    float64     sum;
    uint16      count;
    float64     *avg;
} AVERAGE_FLOAT64;

```

## Block: Cos

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Result of cos(u)

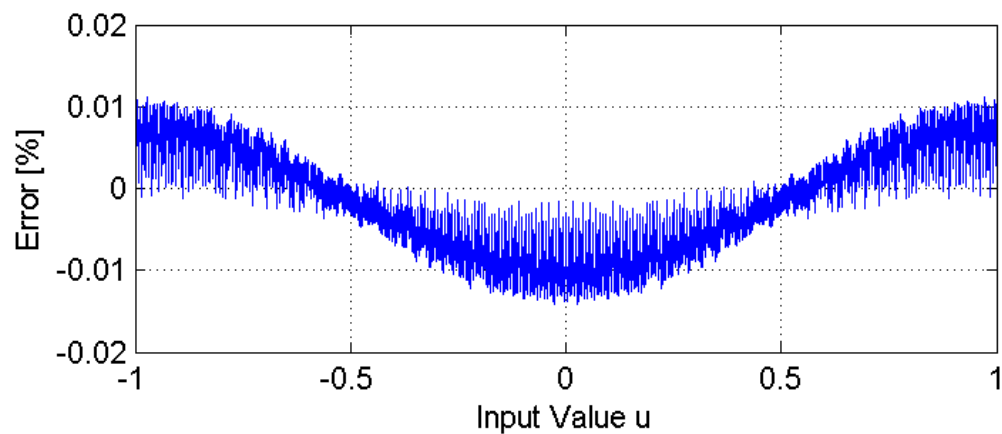
### Description:

Cosine computation of input value.

Calculation:

$$Out = \cos(In)$$

Error for 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation:



### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4864
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Cos_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Cos_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *In;
    int8        Out;
} COS_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4865
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Cos_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Cos_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In;
    int16       Out;
} COS_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4866
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Cos_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Cos_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In;
    int32       Out;
} COS_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4867
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Cos_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Cos_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     Out;  
} COS_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4868
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Cos_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Cos_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
} COS_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Div

---



Inports	
Num	Dividend (Numerator)
Den	Divisor (Denominator)

Outports	
Out	Quotient

### Description:

Division of input Num by input Den.

Calculation:

$$Out = \begin{cases} 0 & Num = 0, Den = 0 \\ maxVal & Num > 0, Den = 0 \\ minVal & Num < 0, Den = 0 \\ \frac{Num}{Den} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

**Note:** *maxVal* and *minVal* refer to the maximum/minimum representable value of the implementation.

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4928
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Div_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Div_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int8        *Num;
    int8        *Den;
    int8        Out;
} DIV_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4929
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Div_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Div_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *Num;
    int16       *Den;
    int16       Out;
} DIV_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4930
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Div_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Div_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *Num;
    int32       *Den;
    int32       Out;
} DIV_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4931
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Div_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Div_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *Num;  
    float32     *Den;  
    float32     Out;  
} DIV_FLOAT32;
```

---

**Implementation: Float64**

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4932
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Div_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Div_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *Num;  
    float64     *Den;  
    float64     Out;  
} DIV_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: Exp

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Result of exp(u)

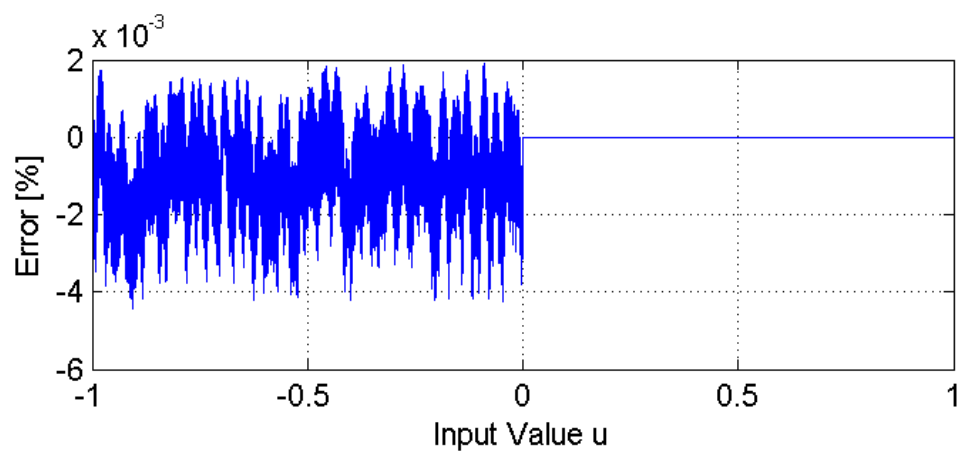
### Description:

Computation of the exponential of the input.

Calculation:

$$Out = \begin{cases} e^{In} & In \leq 0 \\ 1 & In > 0 \end{cases}$$

Error for 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation:



### Implementations:

- FiP8** 8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16** 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32** 32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4848
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Exp_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Exp_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int8        Out;  
} EXP_FIP8;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP16**

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4849
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Exp_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Exp_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} EXP_FIP16;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP32**

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4850
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Exp_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Exp_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} EXP_FIP32;
```

## Block: L2Norm

---



Inports	
u1	Input u1
u2	Input u2

Outputs	
Out	Euclidean norm of u1 and u2

### Description:

Calculation of L2-norm (euclidean norm).

Calculation:

$$Out = \|u\| = \sqrt{u_1^2 + u_2^2}$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	5056
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *u1;  
    int8      *u2;  
    int8      Out;  
} L2NORM_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	5057
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *u1;  
    int16       *u2;  
    int16       Out;  
} L2NORM_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	5058
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	L2Norm_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *u1;  
    int32       *u2;  
    int32       Out;  
} L2NORM_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	5059
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	L2Norm_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	L2Norm_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *u1;
    float32     *u2;
    float32     Out;
} L2NORM_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	5060
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	L2Norm_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	L2Norm_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *u1;
    float32     *u2;
    float64     Out;
} L2NORM_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Mult

---



Inputs	
In1	Multiplicand 1
In2	Multiplicand 2

Outputs	
Out	Product

### Description:

Multiplication of input 1 with input 2.

Calculation:

$$Out = In_1 \cdot In_2$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4944
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Mult_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Mult_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In1;  
    int8      *In2;  
    int8      Out;  
} MULT_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4945
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Mult_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Mult_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In1;  
    int16       *In2;  
    int16       Out;  
} MULT_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4946
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Mult_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Mult_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In1;  
    int32       *In2;  
    int32       Out;  
} MULT_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4947
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Mult_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Mult_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
} MULT_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4948
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Mult_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Mult_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     Out;
} MULT_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: Negation

---



Inports	
In	Input

Outputs	
Out	Negated input value

### Description:

Negation of input signal.

Calculation:

$$Out = -In$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	5040
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Negation_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Negation_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int8 *In;  
    int8 Out;  
} NEGATION_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	5041
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Negation_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Negation_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} NEGATION_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	5042
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Negation_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Negation_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} NEGATION_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	5043
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Negation_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Negation_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;
```

```
    float32    Out;  
} NEGATION_FLOAT32;
```

---

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	5044
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Negation_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Negation_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    float64    *In;  
    float64    Out;  
} NEGATION_FLOAT64;
```

---

## Block: Sign

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Value corresponding to sign of u

### Description:

Signum function.

Calculation:

$$Out = sign(In) = \begin{cases} +1 & In \geq 0 \\ -1 & In < 0 \end{cases}$$

### Implementations:

- FiP8**      8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP16**    16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
- FiP32**    32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4896
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sign_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sign_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int8        Out;  
} SIGN_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4897
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sign_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sign_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} SIGN_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4898
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sign_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sign_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} SIGN_FIP32;
```

## Block: Sin

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Result of sin(u)

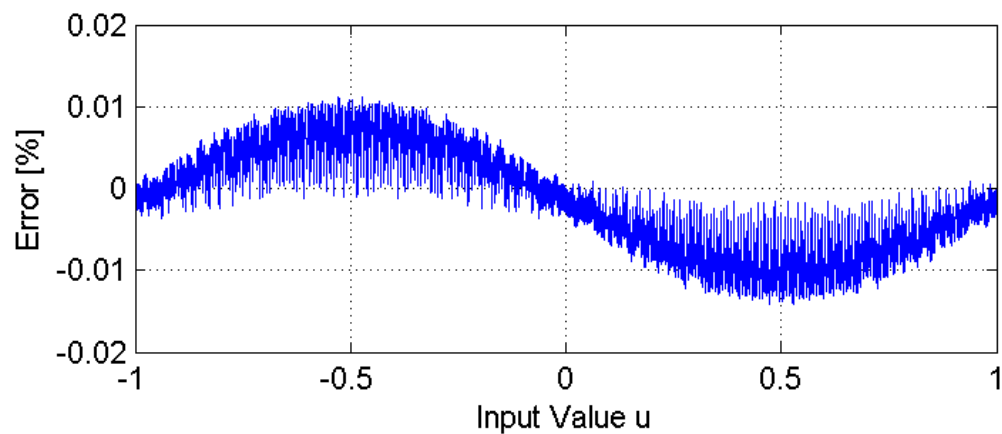
### Description:

Sine computation of input value.

Calculation:

$$Out = \sin(In)$$

Error for 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation:



### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4832
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In;  
    int8        Out;  
} SIN_FIP8;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP16**

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4833
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *In;  
    int16       Out;  
} SIN_FIP16;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP32**

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4834
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *In;  
    int32       Out;  
} SIN_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4835
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     Out;  
} SIN_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4836
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sin_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sin_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
} SIN_FLOAT64;
```



## Block: Sqrt

---



Inports	
In	Input u

Outputs	
Out	Result of sqrt( u )

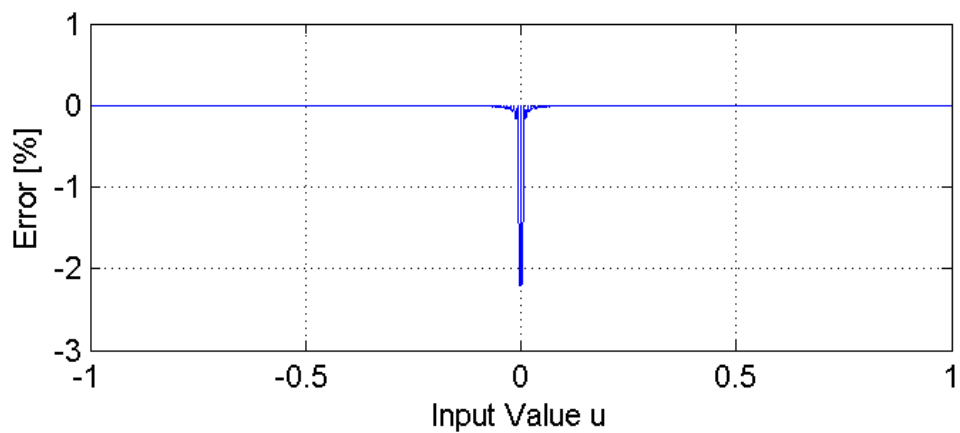
### Description:

Square root computation of absolute input value.

Calculation:

$$Out = \sqrt{|In|}$$

Error for 16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation:



### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4816
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In;  
    int8      Out;  
} SQRT_FIP8;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP16**

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4817
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int16      *In;  
    int16      Out;  
} SQRT_FIP16;
```

---

**Implementation: FiP32**

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4818
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sqrt_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

**Data Structure:**

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int32      *In;  
    int32      Out;  
} SQRT_FIP32;
```

## Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4819
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sqrt_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sqrt_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float32     *In;  
    float32     Out;  
} Sqrt_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

---

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4820
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sqrt_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sqrt_Float64.h

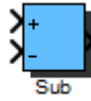
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    float64     *In;  
    float64     Out;  
} Sqrt_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Sub

---



Inports	
Plus	Minuend
Minus	Subtrahend

Outputs	
Out	Difference

### Description:

Subtraction of input Minus from input Plus.

Calculation:

$$Out = Plus - Minus$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4992
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sub_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sub_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *Plus;  
    int8      *Minus;  
    int8      Out;  
} SUB_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4993
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sub_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sub_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *Plus;  
    int16       *Minus;  
    int16       Out;  
} SUB_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4994
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sub_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sub_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *Plus;  
    int32       *Minus;  
    int32       Out;  
} SUB_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4995
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sub_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sub_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *Plus;
    float32     *Minus;
    float32     Out;
} SUB_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4996
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sub_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sub_Float64.h

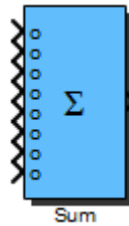
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *Plus;
    float64     *Minus;
    float64     Out;
} SUB_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: Sum

---



Inports	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2
In3	Input #3
In4	Input #4
In5	Input #5
In6	Input #6
In7	Input #7
In8	Input #8

Outputs	
Out	Result

Mask Parameters	
In1	Input #1
In2	Input #2
In3	Input #3
In4	Input #4
In5	Input #5
In6	Input #6
In7	Input #7
In8	Input #8

### Description:

Sum of inputs:

+ ... Input will be added to result.

- ... Input will be subtracted from result.

0 ... Input will be ignored.

## Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4800
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sum_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sum_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
sign	Bitfield with sign information of inputs

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int8        *In1;  
    int8        *In2;  
    int8        *In3;  
    int8        *In4;  
    int8        *In5;  
    int8        *In6;  
    int8        *In7;  
    int8        *In8;  
    int8        Out;  
    uint16      sign;  
} SUM_FiP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4801
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sum_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sum_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
sign	Bitfield with sign information of inputs



### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int16 *In1;  
    int16 *In2;  
    int16 *In3;  
    int16 *In4;  
    int16 *In5;  
    int16 *In6;  
    int16 *In7;  
    int16 *In8;  
    int16 Out;  
    uint16 sign;  
} SUM_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4802
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	Sum_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	Sum_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
sign	Bitfield with sign information of inputs

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16 ID;  
    int32 *In1;  
    int32 *In2;  
    int32 *In3;  
    int32 *In4;  
    int32 *In5;  
    int32 *In6;  
    int32 *In7;  
    int32 *In8;  
    int32 Out;  
    uint16 sign;  
} SUM_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

**Name** Float32  
**ID** 4803  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Sum\_Float32.c  
**H filename** Sum\_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
sign	Bitfield with sign information of inputs

#### Data Structure:

```

typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     *In3;
    float32     *In4;
    float32     *In5;
    float32     *In6;
    float32     *In7;
    float32     *In8;
    float32     Out;
    uint16      sign;
} SUM_FLOAT32;
  
```

#### Implementation: Float64

**Name** Float64  
**ID** 4804  
**Revision** 0.1  
**C filename** Sum\_Float64.c  
**H filename** Sum\_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

Controller Parameters	
sign	Bitfield with sign information of inputs

#### Data Structure:

```

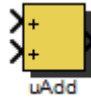
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     *In3;
    float64     *In4;
    float64     *In5;
    float64     *In6;
    float64     *In7;
    float64     *In8;
  
```

```
    float64    Out;  
    uint16     sign;  
} SUM_FLOAT64;
```

---

## Block: uAdd

---



Inports	
In1	Addend 1
In2	Addend 2

Outputs	
Out	Sum

### Description:

Addition of input 1 and input 2 with output wrapping.

Calculation:

$$Out = In_1 + In_2$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	4976
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uAdd_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uAdd_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16    ID;  
    int8      *In1;  
    int8      *In2;  
    int8      Out;  
} UADD_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	4977
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uAdd_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	uAdd_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int16       *In1;
    int16       *In2;
    int16       Out;
} UADD_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	4978
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uAdd_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uAdd_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    int32       *In1;
    int32       *In2;
    int32       Out;
} UADD_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	4979
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uAdd_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uAdd_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *In1;
    float32     *In2;
    float32     Out;
} UADD_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	4980
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uAdd_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	uAdd_Float64.h

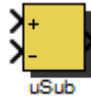
64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *In1;
    float64     *In2;
    float64     Out;
} UADD_FLOAT64;
```

## Block: uSub

---



Inports	
Plus	Minuend
Minus	Subtrahend

Outputs	
Out	Difference

### Description:

Subtraction of input Minus from input Plus with output wrapping.

Calculation:

$$Out = Plus - Minus$$

### Implementations:

<b>FiP8</b>	8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP16</b>	16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>FiP32</b>	32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation
<b>Float32</b>	32 Bit Floating Point Implementation
<b>Float64</b>	64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Implementation: FiP8

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP8
<b>ID</b>	5008
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSub_FiP8.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSub_FiP8.h

8 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16    ID;
    int8      *Plus;
    int8      *Minus;
    int8      Out;
} USUB_FIP8;
```

### Implementation: FiP16

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP16
<b>ID</b>	5009
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSub_FiP16.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSub_FiP16.h

16 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int16       *Plus;  
    int16       *Minus;  
    int16       Out;  
} USUB_FIP16;
```

### Implementation: FiP32

---

<b>Name</b>	FiP32
<b>ID</b>	5010
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSub_FiP32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSub_FiP32.h

32 Bit Fixed Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {  
    uint16      ID;  
    int32       *Plus;  
    int32       *Minus;  
    int32       Out;  
} USUB_FIP32;
```

### Implementation: Float32

---

<b>Name</b>	Float32
<b>ID</b>	5011
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSub_Float32.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSub_Float32.h

32 Bit Floating Point Implementation

#### Data Structure:



```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float32     *Plus;
    float32     *Minus;
    float32     Out;
} USUB_FLOAT32;
```

## Implementation: Float64

<b>Name</b>	Float64
<b>ID</b>	5012
<b>Revision</b>	0.1
<b>C filename</b>	uSub_Float64.c
<b>H filename</b>	uSub_Float64.h

64 Bit Floating Point Implementation

### Data Structure:

```
typedef struct {
    uint16      ID;
    float64     *Plus;
    float64     *Minus;
    float64     Out;
} USUB_FLOAT64;
```